The Columbian.

VOL. 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY OCTOBER 3, 1907. NO. 38.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS
AT THE
Farmers National Bank.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C. M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

On The Basis of

Careful and Conservative Management

The Bloomsburg National Bank

Invites Your Business.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President.

CLOTHES OF QUALITY!

Dressed in one of our handsome Suits a Man will be his own letter of recommendation, for wisdom will tell you that, while good Clothes do not make the Man or break him, they give him a lift along the lane of life.

You see many well dressed Men on the street nowadays, and a large percentage of them are wearing our Clothes of Quality.

Suit Prices Range

$10, 12, 15 up to $30

Let Quality influence you and not the price.

So we ask you to come to see what the price will buy here in the way of Quality.

3 for 1 Trading Stamps Friday and Saturday

BEN GIDDING

Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

METEOR FALLS.

A meteoric display that surpassed anything seen in this section for many years, occurred about half past six o'clock Tuesday evening.

A meteor rivaling an arc light in size and intensity suddenly materialized in the northern heavens and followed with a long tail of fire swept over the town finally exploding with a loud report.

It is said that it burst at Mainville, breaking into four pieces, about forty feet over the head of Miller Smith who works for J. B. Kester, and falling to the ground, went to dust.

Other witnesses claim that it burst over the river at Danville. The *Morning News* says:

"The chief of police and Mr. Irland were standing on Mill street and were first attracted by the bright light which fell upon them. As they looked upward they beheld the meteor comparatively near the housetops sweeping majestically along very nearly on a line with Mill street. The ball of dazzling flame had the apparent size of a man's fist, while from the long tail sparks of fire dropped off into space. When at a point, which to the men seemed directly over the river, it exploded much after the manner of a rocket.

Ralph Kleine beheld the meteor from Lower Mulberry street and was nearly overpowered by the magnificent spectacle. Just before the meteor disappeared it assumed the appearance of four distinct meteors, all connected by a chain of fire."

It was seen in Bloomsburg by many people, and some residents of Fifth street say that there was a rumbling sound and their houses shook.

JONATHAN POUST.

After an illness of three weeks Jonathan Poust, one of the best known men in that section, died at his home in Orangeville last Monday, aged 81 years.

He leaves to survive him his widow and one son, Jasper Poust, who resibes in Orange township.

Up until about twelve years ago when he quit farming and moved into the town Mr. Poust was recognized as one of the best farmers in that section of the county. He was a man of sterling integrity and had the respect and esteem of all who knew him.

The funeral services were held at his late residence, Wednesday morning at ten o'clock, in charge of his pastor, Rev. I. B. Crist. The interment was made at McHenry's church, near Bowman's mill.

PRISONERS' BOARD.

Sheriff Ent has been asking for an increased allowance for boarding prisoners in the county jail. For some years past the county has paid twenty-five cents a day, and Sheriff Ent very justly feels that he should be allowed more now, owing to the increased cost of nearly everything eatable. The commissioners have declined to yield to the Sheriff's request until now. In order to settle the matter a meeting was held on Tuesday in the Commissioners' office. After some discussion it was finally agreed that the matter should be brought before the Court by the Sheriff presenting a petition setting forth the facts, and asking the Court to fix the price. This will bring up the whole question.

Yesterday morning at 6.30 the thermometer stood at 39 degrees. There was a light frost.

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been entered of record by Recorder of Deeds Frank W. Miller:

Eudora W. Hanly to W. C. Garrison and T. B. Brobst for lot No. 22 on Bowman street in Berwick.

W. L. Houck et al. to J. W. Richards for 102 acres of land in Briar Creek township.

Isaiah Bower and wife to Norman Bower for a lot of ground on Fifth street in Berwick.

Julia Vandine Estate to Hannah E. Heacock for a lot of ground situate in Millville.

John S. Housenick to George Stanaitis for lot No. 52 in Berwick.

James P. Pursel and wife to S. W. Cole for a lot of ground in what is known as Glen Heights, Bloomsburg.

Samuel W. Cole to Anna Cole for a lot of ground in what is known as Glen Heights, Bloomsburg.

Samuel Trump, Sr., and wife to Mary A. Earhart for a lot of ground in Bloomsburg.

Isaiah Bower and wife to Emma C. Bower for a lot of ground in Berwick.

Berwick Land and Improvement Co. to H. H. Bower for a lot of ground in Berwick.

W. S. Laubach, executor, to W. S. Laubach, trustee, under the will of Susan C. Laubach for 85 acres of land in Benton township.

W. S. Laubach, executor and trustee, to Margaret A. Dildine for 85 acres of land in Benton township.

W. S. Laubach to W. S. Laubach, executor, for 100 acres of land in Benton township.

A. L. McHenry to Ezra R. Wilson for a lot of ground in the borough of Benton.

C. F. Deibert, administrator of S. F. Deibert, deceased, to Jennie Moyer for a lot of ground in the borough of Catawissa.

Charles B. Ent, sheriff, to Frank R. Colley for property of the Bloomsburg Foundry and Engineering Company in the town of Bloomsburg.

Henry W. Fairchilds and wife to James Crawford for a lot of ground in the township of Briar Creek.

H. W. Bower and wife to Orville H. Seward for a lot of ground in Briar Creek township.

MARRIED AT BINGHAMTON.

Miss Mary White, daughter of Mrs. I. D. White, was married to Charles Dieffenbach, son of H. F. Dieffenbach, on Saturday, at Binghamton, N. Y. Miss White left home on Saturday morning to visit friends in Berwick. Mr. Dieffenbach met her at the train, and they went on to Binghamton, where the ceremony was performed at 1:30 a. m. Sunday.

A telegram to Mrs. White on Sunday announced the wedding, and the young couple returned on the noon train.

Mr. Dieffenbach is manager of the Western Union Telegraph office at Berwick, and they will reside there.

REV. MR. HECKMAN WILL COME.

A dispatch received from Bishop McDowell at Lincoln, Neb. by C. C. Peacock Esq. has settled the doubt as to whether Rev. Mr. Heckman of Duncannon would come to the Methodist Church of Bloomsburg. The Bishop says: "Heckman has been appointed. Presiding Elder notified several days ago." This telegram was read in the church last Sunday morning, and it is expected that Mr. Heckman will be here next Sunday.

FOOT BALL SCHEDULE AT NORMAL

The full schedule for the foot ball team has been completed by Manager Clayton Davis and contains the following games:

October 5th, Wilkes-Barre High School, here.

October 12th, Dickinson Seminary, at Williamsport.

October 19th, Stroudsburg Normal, here.

October 26th, Keystone Academy, here.

October 30th, Berwick A. C., here, Wednesday.

November 2nd, Susquehanna University, at Selinsgrove.

November 9th, Bucknell University, here.

November 16th, McCann's College, here.

November 23rd, Millersville Normal, at Millersville.

November 28, Mansfield Normal, here.

This makes seven local games and three on foreign grounds.

The foot ball squad has been hard at work in straightening out the final points on the game for the opening of the foot ball season on Saturday with Wilkes-Barre High School. The game will be called at 3:30 p. m. sharp.

MRS. J. J. BROWN'S WILL.

The will of Mrs. J. J. Brown was admitted to probate before Register Miller, Monday. By its provisions there is bequeathed $1000 to Hackettstown Presbyterian church, the interest of half of which is to be used in keeping up the family plot in the cemetery; $1,000 to the Knowelton, N. J., Presbyterian church, the interest of half of which goes toward the keeping up of the family plot; $500 to Mrs. Lettie Eckrote, of Mifflinville; $500 to Mrs. Rose Hezlet, Montgomery, Pa.; $500 to Miss Carrie Teel, Blairstown, N. J.; $500 to Miss Mary Low, of Delaware, N. J., and the residue to her husband who was named executor in the will.

TWO CENT FARES.

The law fixing the rate of fare on railroads at two cents a mile went into effect on Tuesday. Fred B. Hartman, who is making a business trip for Creasy & Wells this week to Scranton, Hazleton, and other points, was the first one to buy a ticket on the D. L. & W. under the new schedule.

This new rate will diminish the fares on the B. & S. The fare from Benton was 70 cents, now it is 47 cents each way, and the same is true from other stations.

On the big roads it will not work this way for long distances. For instance, the round trip fare to Wilkes-Barre was $1.58, now it is $1.60. The round trip to Philadelphia on the P. & R. was 5.65, now it is $2.92 each way, or $5.84.

School Teacher Dies.

Charles Dice died at his home in Mainville on Sunday from an attack of paralysis. He was aged nineteen years, and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Dice. He was teaching the Dogtown school in Beaver township, which had been in session only a few days, and on Wednesday night of last week he had a stroke of paralysis which rendered both his legs helpless. He was removed to his home, and continued to grow worse until he died.

The deceased was a bright young man, of excellent habits, and his death is a sore affliction to his parents.

A CONDITIONAL LEGACY.

Miss Anna T. Jeanes of Philadelphia, who died recently, left an estate valued at $5,000,000, a large portion of which she bequeathed to charities.

On condition that Swarthmore College abandon all participation in inter-collegiate sports and athletics that institution is made a conditional legatee of all Miss Jeanes' coal lands and mineral rights in this State and five-eighths ownership in the Rebecca Steadman tract, otherwise known as the Hazel Brook colliery. In case the management of Swarthmore refuses to accept the bequest or fails to carry out this condition the properties are to be merged in the assets of the estate.

This property is valued at $1,000,000.

What the authorities of Swarthmore will do in the matter is not yet known, but it puts them in an awkward position. If they do not accept the conditions they lose a million dollars. If they do accept, the college must withdraw from all intercollegiate contests in athletic games, and this means that foot-ball, and base-ball and basket-ball will be abandoned at that institution, for they cannot be maintained without the stimulus of contests with other colleges.

Should these games be abandoned the college will probably lose somewhat in attendance, for young men nowadays want to go where these athletic sports are prominent.

Its a million against ball games. Which will it be?

MEAT INSPECTOR APPOINTED.

Official announcement has been made of the appointment of Dr. A. O. Cawley, of Milton, as State Meat Inspector. The appointment was made September 20th and the Doctor will enter on his new duties on October 1st. Dr. Cawley is a graduate of the American Veterinary College, of New York City, of the class of '91. He went to Milton immediately upon leaving college and has practiced in that vicinity for sixteen years. This appointment was made under the new meat inspection law enacted by the last Legislature. The law provides for ten inspectors and they have now all been appointed. They are located as follows: Washington, Pittsburg, Franklin, Meadville, Wellsboro, Milton, Reading, Lancaster, Luzerne, West Chester. The duties of these officials will not only include the inspection of meat, but they will also have under their supervision the general condition of slaughter houses, meat markets and delivery wagons. Each inspector will have a certain district assigned him. The new inspectors each receive a salary of $1,800 per year and expenses.

Another Wreck on S. B. & B.

Another wreck occurred on the Susquehanna, Bloomsburg & Berwick railroad on Tuesday morning about 11 o'clock. It was caused by the upsetting of a top-heavy car loaded with lumber while coming down the grade this side of the Eyersgrove tunnel. The car was much damaged, and traffic was held up for the day. This road has had more than its share of misfortunes.

Bi-County C. E. Convention.

The Bi-County Christian Endeavor convention will be held at Espy, October 17th and 18th. An interesting program is being arranged and will be published later.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits

At a meeting of representatives of the undersigned Banks of Bloomsburg, held July 1st, 1907, it was decided to allow interest on time deposits at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.

Subject to the rules governing Savings or Interest bearing Deposits.

First National Bank

Farmers National Bank

Bloomsburg National Bank

PACKING THE COURT

Lawyer Who Was Capitol Building Commissioner To Try Grafters.

PLAN OF ACQUITTAL

Governor Stuart in the Scheme Which Has for Its Purpose the Re-election of Penrose and the Rebuke of Roosevelt.—How Sheatz Won Machine Favor Revealed.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 2.

Having vaguely promised that the capital grafters will be punished some time after the election the machine party managers appear to be highly delighted with themselves. We are great reformers, they say inferentially, and are willing to hire any number of brass bands with which to hunt for criminals and prosecute looters. But to the average mind their promises are to the ear "to be broken to the hope." That is to say they are simply "good enough Morgans until after the election," and after the election the prosecutions will be abandoned or botched.

This is hardly a matter of conjecture. It is so completely supported by circumstantial evidence as to have assumed the form of fact. If there had been an intention to prosecute S. J. M. McCarrell never would have been appointed Judge of the Dauphin county court by the Governor or nominated for that office by the Dauphin county Republican machine. If a man wanted to break up a gang of burglars he would hardly put the matter in charge of other burglars, if he was a wise man. There is a code of honor among thieves which makes them help each other.

When the fire of suspicious origin destroyed the capitol building in 1897 Mr. McCarrell was a State Senator. With the help of his own vote a law was enacted appropriating $550,000 for the construction of a new capitol building. That law created a Commission of which Mr. McCarrell became a member which was bound "to complete and deliver" a capitol building, "ready for occupancy and furnishing not later than Nov. 15th 1898, "When the Legislature assembled for the session of 1899 it found an unfinished building resembling a tobacco warehouse.

Not a Fit Judge of Grafters.

The law not only required the completion of a building within the specified amount but actually forbade the Commissioners from contracting for the expenditure of any money in excess of that figure. Yet McCarrell, now Judge McCarrell, certified that the building was complete. It was so absurd a statement that everybody was astounded. The rough brick walls on the outside and the burlap walls on the inside stood as palpable protests against the fraud. No charge of grafting was publicly made but the gossip of the corridors freely charged not only that the contractors had looted the State but that the Building Commissioners had participated in the division of the spoils.

Of course a man so closely associated with the construction of the capitol would not be safe in the position of determining the guilt of the grafters. Naturally he would prefer that the agitation of the question be discontinued as speedily as possible and the surest and safest way to stop the agitation of a question is to forget it. Four years ago Mr. McCarrell aspired to a seat on the bench and was defeated. Again a year ago he became a candidate and was forced out of the fight by public sentiment. A man of his reputation and environment wasn't needed on the Dauphin county bench at those times. But no other kind will serve the purpose now and McCarrell has been both nominated and appointed.

The plain inference is that there will be no trial of the grafters. They will be indicted, of course, and the pretense will be kept up that there is an intention to prosecute. But it is a false and fraudulent pretense. McCarrell has too much interest in the suppression of the facts to permit a judicial investigation if he is able to prevent it and if he is a Judge on the bench in the court in which the cases are scheduled for trial he can prevent it. Governor Stuart must have known this when he appointed McCarrell to the bench and the suspicion is justified that he made the appointment for the purpose of preventing the trial.

Insurance Grafters Immune.

There are other grounds, moreover, for the belief that it is not the intention to prosecute these grafters. During the special session of the Legislature of 1906 the Insurance Department of the State was investigated. The first witness examined during that inquiry was Samuel W. McCulloch, Deputy Insurance Commissioner. Mr. McCulloch testified positively that Clayton W. Erb, Edward J. Davis, R. J. Reed and Israel G. Stone were on the payroll of the Department, received checks regularly for many months though they were never at the Department and never performed any work for the State and notwithstanding there was no authority of law for paying them.

Mr. McCulloch also testified to other misfeasances in the Department for which the Insurance Commissioner was responsible. Among other things he declared that his own salary was augmented frequently by adding expense accounts and inferentially stated that whenever Captain Erb needed money he would make requisition on the Department and get whatever sums he wanted. His testimony was corroborated by Davis, Reed and Stone and it was practically proved that one of these pensioners of the Department was receiving the salary as a reward for service to the machine as a member of the perjured jury which acquitted Sam Salter after his practical confession of guilt.

Insurance Commissioner Durham who was responsible for and participated in these crimes against the State is getting ready to resume his position as "the most influential citizen of Philadelphia." If Governor Stuart is going to purify the public life of the Commonwealth by purging it of grafters through the agency of the criminal courts, why doesn't he begin with those outlaws who were exposed more than a year and a-half ago? Why are not those men sent to prison as an admonition to others who are tempted to loot and in order to vindicate the law which has been outraged? Simply because public sentiment seems to have forgot the Crimes of those men, though so recent.

Stuart Not a Reformer.

And it is precisely for this reason that the machine managers including Governor Stuart, are anxious to prevent the trial of the grafters now under the lime light of popular execration. They know that such things are soon forgot, Durham was forced to resign at the time and McNichol was compelled to declare that he would not again participate in municipal spoils. But they are both back at the old business and the old tricks, just as Sanderson and Huston and the other capital grafters will again come into favor of the machine and resume their predatory operations within a few months unless the machine is completely exterminated by the election of John G. Harman this fall.

In the light of these events it is absurd to say that Governor Stuart is a reformer. He is personally honest, no doubt just as Judge Pennypacker was personally beyond reproach when he became Governor. But he is just as serviceable to the machine as Pennypacker. He won't openly boast of his iniquities as that abnormally vain old man did. But he will shield crimes perpetrated for the benefit of the party and protect criminals who have served the organization precisely as his predecessor did. His appointment of McCarrell to the Dauphin county bench at this time is the most convincing and conclusive evidence of this fact. Penrose knew his man.

Governor Stuart never interfered with graft when he was Mayor of Philadelphia and he will not be offensive to his party leaders as Governor. It was during his administration of the municipal government that the Contractors' combine was organized. It was Dave Martin rather than Durham who was the boss in those days. But the difference is without a distinction. A cancer is loathsome no matter what the doctor calls it and Durham is no worse than Martin. In fact when Martin succeeded Durham as Insurance Commissioner he continued the padded payroll until the shadow of the approaching investigation admonished him to "clear the decks.' Then he dropped Davis, Reed and Stone.

Enmity to Roosevelt Secures Favor.

The Republican machine is striving to get complete control of the administration of the State government because it is necessary in order to secure the re-election of Penrose and control the Delegates to the next National convention against Roosevelt. The President has incensed the machine leaders in this State by his indifference to their wants. One of the most potent reasons for the nomination of Sheatz is that he shares this antipathy to Roosevelt. It was only when he voted against the Creasy resolution endorsing the President's policies and pledging the moral support of the Legislature to his railroad rate bill that Sheatz became a prime favorite of the machine and the nomination for State Treasurer is his recompense for that sinster service.

If Sheatz is defeated the machine will be destroyed absolutely. The control of the State deposits is essential to machine success. The political bankers must be fed and fattened or else they won't contribute to the corruption fund and without a corruption fund the machine is impotent. No self-respecting man will vote for its candidates and few of the other kind will do so unless they are paid. The money to pay them can't be got unless the machine has control of the Treasury. The last two years have been the hardest years of the life of the machine. Another two years without the treasury and they will despair. The boodlers won't work for nothing.

These are the reasons why the friends of good government should strive earnestly for the election of John G. Harman. He is a splendid speciman of American citizenship. He is honest, able and courageous. If he is elected the policies of Mr. Berry will be scrupulously followed. If he is elected the capitol grafters will be prosecuted and punished notwithstanding the effort to pack the court in their interest as McCarrell tried to pack the Philadelphia jury in the interest of Quay half a dozen years or so ago.

G. D. H.

Mark the Vast Difference.

From the Eastern Argus.

The Republicans of the state of Pennsylvania on each occasion upon which they are offered an opportunity to express any sentiment in resolutions, spread themselves in condemnation of the capitol grafters. Loudly do they call for the bringing of the guilty to justice—on paper. Strenuously they urge that they be permitted to hand out the justice to the guilty. That is one side of the question. Witness how differently the effective work of the organization progresses. Note the delay in bringing the men accused of wrong doing into the courts. Consider the determination of the political machine to put off the trials in court until after the fall election. Any fair minded citizen can see the fallacy of the position of the Republicans of the state in the premises. Censure for the capitol grafters serves the purpose of blinding easily duped voters into the support of the Republican nominee. With the election of the machine candidate to the office of state treasurer and that department of the state government again under the rule of the gang, the prosecution of the capitol grafters might easily be expected to develop into a farce. It would be folly in the extreme even to expect that the machine leaders would be active in handing out to members of their own gang the sort of punishment which the crime seems to merit.

Significance of a Vote for Sheatz.

From the Philadelphia Record.

Both Governor Stuart and Senator Knox shrewdly avoided all mention to the Republican League of Clubs of the issue of the re-election of Senator Penrose that is involved indirectly, but no less certainly, in this Pennsylvania contest. While they indulged in mutual admiration, they had not one word to say for Senator Penrose. This may be thought unkind when it is considered that the influence of Senator Penrose was essential to the election of Senator Knox, and that his voice was equally potential in the nomination of Governor Stuart. But it was kindness in the Governor and Senator to attempt to keep the chieftain of the Machine in the background of this campaign, if such a thing were possible. Yet everybody knows that a vote for John O. Sheatz is a vote for Boies Penrose, and that the election of Sheatz would mean the triumph of the Machine, to be followed by the certain return of Penrose to the United States Senate.

O, Pennsylvania, How Long?

From the Johnstown Democrat.

There is to be no prosecution of the capitol grafters until December, if then. This is information which comes from an official source. It means that the truth is to be kept from the voters until after the November election. If Sheatz is elected state treasurer it means that the truth will be kept from them for all time. If Sheatz is elected the grafters will be whitewashed. It is the talk that is in the air in Harrisburg. It is the talk in all political circles. The game of fooling the people is on. And they will be fooled if they fail to elect Harman to succeed Berry. The election of Harman will force the prosecution of the grafters. The election of Sheatz will mean immunity for them. Already in prospect of this the grafters are shaking hands with themselves.

An Ominous Coincidence.

From the Bedford Gazette.

In the Legislature of 1905 J. Lee Plummer was the Machine Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, and from this post the Machine intended to promote him to the office of State Treasurer as a reward for his services. But a hitch was found in the arrangement when the votes were counted in November 1905.

In the Legislature of 1907 John O. Sheatz was the Machine Chairman of the Appropriations Committee, and, following the Plummer precedent, he is also made the Machine candidate for State Treasurer. —Ominous!

What's the Use of Gilding Gold.

From the Doylestown Democrat.

Nearly every spellbinder who speaks for Candidate Sheatz states at great length and with much emphasis that the candidate is an honest man. Why is it necessary to make this point so emphatic? Is it because Republican candidates in the past have been so dishonest that people's suspicions as to the honesty of the present candidate must be allayed? If Mr. Sheatz really is an honest man, why do the spellbinders find it necessary to make that fact so prominent?

Governor of the Machine.

From the Harrisburg Patriot.

Thousands of his fellow-citizens who would rather believe Governor Edwin S. Stuart a patriot and a statesman than a partisan politician will, for the Governor's own sake, regret that he has seen fit only a few weeks before election to appoint Mr. McCarrell to the vacancy on the Dauphin county bench.

In this act Mr. Stuart has shown that he considers himself rather the Governor of a party than the Governor of the people.

Elements Against Sheatz.

From the Blossburg Advertiser.

We do not believe that the Tioga county miners, farmers and old soldiers will support John O. Sheatz for State Treasurer after his gang legislative record has been exposed. Neither do we see how any newspaper publisher can support him because of his vote for the press muzzler. He is of the gang, and for the gang first and last.

A Strong Double Team.

From the Williamsport Sun.

With both the old soldiers, and the sons of old soldiers, entering protest against the Machine bosses' defeat of the Cochran pension bill there will be a heavy verdict against Sheatz at the ballot box in November.

PAY YOUR POLL TAX.

EVERY VOTER SHOULD SEE THAT HIS STATE OR COUNTY TAX IS PAID ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 5. THAT WILL BE THE LAST DAY IF HE WANTS TO VOTE ON NOVEMBER 5.

PAY YOUR POLL TAX.

EVERY VOTER SHOULD SEE THAT HIS STATE OR COUNTY TAX IS PAID ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 5. THAT WILL BE THE LAST DAY IF HE WANTS TO VOTE ON NOVEMBER 5.

PAY YOUR POLL TAX.

EVERY VOTER SHOULD SEE THAT HIS STATE OR COUNTY TAX IS PAID ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 5. THAT WILL BE THE LAST DAY IF HE WANTS TO VOTE ON NOVEMBER 5.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT
Sept. .107⅝ Dec. ..1 09¾ May ..1.12¼
CORN
Sept. ....78½ Dec. ....71⅜ May ..67⅞
OATS.—Mixed, @ 53½c.
MILK
Exchange price for standard quality is 3½ c. per quart.
BUTTER
CREAMERY.—Western, extra $ .28½
Firsts 27a28c. State dairy, finest 26a27
CHEESE
State, full cream, 14 Small, 14
EGGS
Nearby—Fancy 30a32c State—Good to choice 26a28 Western—Firsts, 22a23½
BEEVES.—City dres'd. 8a10½c.
CALVES—City dres'd. 8½a14c. Country dressed per lb. 7a12c.
SHEEP.—Per 100 lb. $3.50a5.50.
HOGS.—Live per 100 lb. $6.70a7.00
HAY.—Prime, 100 lbs., $1.05.
STRAW.—Long rye, 55a65c.
LIVE POULTRY
FOWLS.—Per lb. a15c.
CHICKENS.—Spring, per lb., a14c.
DUCKS.—Per lb. 11a14c.
DRESSED POULTRY
TURKEYS.—Per lb. 10a16c.
FOWLS.—Per lb. 12a14c.
CHICKENS.—Phila., per lb., 22a24c.
VEGETABLES
POTATOES.—L. I. per bbl., $2.00a$2.25.
CUCUMBERS.—per bbl. $1.25a1.75.
ONIONS.—White, per bbl. $2.50a4.00.
LETTUCE.—per Basket, .75ca$1.50.
BEETS.— per 100 bunches. $1.00a1.25.
GREEN CORN.—per 100, .75ca$1.75.
TOMATOES—per box, .15a50c.

BASEBALL LEAGUE SUMMARIES.

Standing of the Clubs.

National.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Chicago	104	42	.712
Pittsburg	88	58	.603
New York	82	67	.550
Philadelphia	78	64	.549
Brooklyn	65	80	.448
Cincinnati	63	84	.429
Boston	55	90	.379
St. Louis	49	99	.331

American.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Detroit	85	56	.611
Philadelphia	84	55	.604
Chicago	80	61	.585
Cleveland	83	65	.561
New York	67	73	.462
St. Louis	66	81	.449
Boston	58	88	.394
Washington	48	96	.333

MUTINY IN CZAR'S FLEET.

Many Officers Said to Have Been Slain; One a Captain.

Sebastopol, Oct. 1.—A serious mutiny in the fleet here has broken out.

Many officers have been killed or wounded.

In an effort to bring about an uprising among the troops, three Terrorists got into the barracks here.

Ex-Mayor Beaten.

Trenton, Oct. 3.—The Morris Plains Asylum was taken up by the Hahn Investigation Committee. Dr. Alvan C. Van Syckle of Hackettetown, ex-Mayor of that town, testified that ex-Mayor Joseph Beattie was committed to the Morris Plains Insane Asylum in January, 1906. The witness visited Beattie in the asylum two days after he was taken there. He swore that Beattie recognized him and said, "Doctor, that brute almost killed me." The witness examined him and found two ribs broken.

Rats Attack School Pupils.

Amagansett, L. I., Oct. 2.—Several children were badly bitten while returning from school by rats that attacked them in such large numbers that scores of persons turned out to battle with them. The village Postmaster drove to Amagansett, a distance of three miles, for medical attendance. 1

Ella Sommers and Joseph Whitmer had their wounds cauterized by a physician and are considered out of danger.

Hated Beyond Grave.

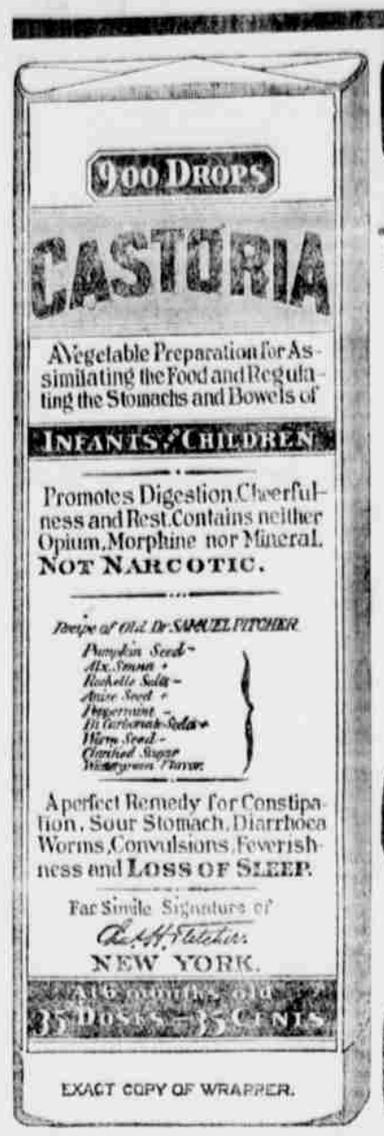
New York, Oct. 3.—Carrying her hatred beyond the grave Mrs. Mary Anna Reading Gazzam of Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, in the will by which she made her daughter heiress of $1,250,000, also directed that the young woman be prevented from meeting her father, Joseph M. Gazzam, a prominent lawyer in Philadelphia. The enmity of the woman grew from the time, about twelve years ago when she obtained a divorce.

Killed in Football Game.

Hanover, N. H., Oct. 2.—Leonard J. Clarkson, manager of the Norwich University football team, died at the Mary Hitchcock Hospital here as a result of an injury received in the football game between Norwich and Dartmouth. Clarkson had been weakened by an attack of appendicitis last Summer. His home was at Portland, Conn.

Denounce the Paper Trust.

Pittsburg, Oct. 2.—Thirty-five publishers of newspapers, most of them Republican in politics, and all of them published in the hot-bed of protectionism, this afternoon denounced the Paper Trust and passed resolutions demanding the free admission to this country of wood pulp and all other ingredients entering the manufacture of white paper.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Etiquette in London Clubland.

In some of our ultra exclusive clubs it is a serious breach of etiquette for one member to speak to another without obtaining a ceremonious introduction beforehand says the London Chronicle.

A painful case has just occurred in a certain old established and extremely respectable Pall Mall caravansarie. It appears that a newly joined member, in callous defiance of custom, ventured the other afternoon to make a remark about the weather to a gentleman with whom he was not personally acquainted. The recipient of this outrage glared stonily at its perpetrator.

"Did you presume to address me, sir?" he demanded, with an awful frown.

"Yes, I did," was the defiant reply, "I said it was a fine day." The other digested the observation thoughtfully.

Then, after an impressive pause, he turned to its bold exponent. "Well, pray don't let it occur again," he remarked, as he buried himself once more in his paper.

Franking in Britain.

Parliamentarians might have been enjoying the privilege of franking their letters to-day had the system not been so much abused years ago. By an act of 1764 a member of the House of Commons was entitled to send free ten letters every day, each not exceeding an ounce in weight, to any place in the United Kingdom. All that was necessary was that he should write his name or title in the corner of the letter. The consequence was that many thousands of franks were forged, and it is said that one member of parliament received £300 a year from a great mercantile house for franking their correspondence. Not only letters, however, but parcels, live stock, and even human beings passed free, a frank being used on one occasion to cover postage of "two maid servants going as laundresses to my Lord Ambassador Methuen."—Exchange.

The Irish language is now being taught in 3,500 schools in Ireland.

Rats Drunk on Beer.

Finding it impossible to draw beer from a barrel a barman in a Birmingham, England, restaurant went into the cellar and discovered that a hole had been eaten in the pipe by rodents. The floor was covered with beer, in which twenty rats were either lying insensible or crawling clumsily about.

MAGAZINE READERS

SUNSET MAGAZINE beautifully illustrated, good stories and articles about California and all the Far West.	$1.50 a year
CAMERA CRAFT devoted each month to the artistic reproduction of the best work of amateur and professional photographers.	$1.00 a year
ROAD OF A THOUSAND WONDERS a book of 75 pages, containing 120 colored photographs of picturesque spots in California and Oregon.	$0.75
Total . . .	$3.25
All for	$1.50

Address all orders to
SUNSET MAGAZINE
Flood Building San Francisco

Cost of Papers.

An exchange says: "The periodicals devoted to information about the printing trade—and they are many—bring constantly recurring reports of an increase in price in printing material, and the mails bring envelopes marked "important" bearing news from the manufacturer that the increase forecasted by the trade paper is correct—the price has gone up. There are many reasons for this but the main one is the greatly increased price of labor. In the paper trade the hours have, in the last five years, been reduced from twelve to eight, and the pay for eight hours is higher than it used to be for twelve. Add to this that pulp wood is constantly growing scarcer, and the reason for the increased cost of white paper can be seen. In every other line it is the same. In the meantime newspapers continue to be issued at the same price. It is simply a losing battle for the cheaper papers, and the time when they must quit business or increase their price is only a question of arithmetic."

Good Investment of One Dollar.

If you have bad breath, constipation, pain in the small of the small of the back, discolored skin, nervousness or dizziness, your only wise course is to take Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. It will cleanse the blood of all impurities, regulate the Kidneys and Liver, and thus restore a healthy glow to your cheeks again.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

MAKE A NOTE NOW to get Ely's Cream Balm if you are troubled with nasal catarrh, hay fever or cold in the head. It is purifying and soothing to the sensitive membrane that lines the air-passages. It is made to overcome the disease, not to fool the patient by a short, deceptive relief. There is no cocaine nor mercury in it. Do not be talked into taking a substitute for Ely's Cream Balm. All druggists sell it. Price 50c. Mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Some fellows have a lot of good in them, but the trouble is they seem to keep it there.

A Reliable Remedy

Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail. In liquid form, 75 cents. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

AT McKINLEY'S TOMB

President Roosevelt Delivers the Principal Address.

CHECKS THE APPLAUSE

Demands That the Well-to-do Worthy Be Commended As Well As the Unworthy Rich Condemned—Tribute to Memory of His Predecessor, Impressive Memorial Ceremonies.

Canton, Ohio, Oct. 2.—With impressive ceremonies the memorial and tomb erected for William McKinley, the third President of the United States to fall under the hand of the assassin, was dedicated. The principal address was delivered by President Roosevelt, who spoke in his usual emphatic manner, adding considerably to his written remarks.

STATUE AT MCKINLEY'S TOMB.

The President's principal addition consisted, however, in an effort to emphasize and express his views on the necessity for having men regardless of their wealth or their poverty. There was apparently more applause of his contention that the unworthy rich should be punished for their offenses than of the preceding portion, which advocated a proper regard for the well-to-do who are worthy. He stopped short and demanded that the one sentiment have as much commendation as the other.

The principal interpolation was made when there was a vigorous handclapping over the President's reference to the discouragement of dishonest rich men. He stopped abruptly, and peremptorily directed that the applause cease.

"Wait a moment; I don't want you to applaud this part unless you are willing also to applaud the part I read first, to which you listened in silence. I want you to understand that I will stand just as straight for the rights of the honest man who wins his fortune by honest methods as I will stand against the dishonest man who wins a fortune by dishonest methods."

This statement was applauded, and the President added: "I am glad you applauded when you did, but I want you to go back now and applaud the other statement. I will read a little of it over again."

Suiting the action to the words, he read: "Every manifestation of ignorance envy and hostility toward honest men who acquire wealth by honest means should be crushed at the outset by the weight of sensible public opinion. [Enthusiastic applause.]

"Thank you. Now I'll go on."

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The effect of *Scott's Emulsion* on sickly children is magical.

It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy.

It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

ANCIENT EGYPTIAN FESTIVAL.

Celebrating the Custom of Cutting the Nile.

The festival dates from ancient times and marks the completion of the Nile. That is to say, the river has reached such a height that the water can be let into the various irrigation canals. In former times the officers of the court would not start work on a fixed date, but when they were informed that the water was sufficiently high, all other business was suspended and the people gave themselves up to rejoicing. Work on a fixed date, however, was introduced by the Khalif Omar, who ordered that the Nile should be measured daily, and that the work should be begun when the water reached a certain height. This custom has survived to the present day.

The festival is celebrated on the island of Roda, where the Nilometer is situated. This is a square column, in the center of which is a graduated measuring rod. The water is admitted to the basin in which the column stands by a sluice, which is opened by the governor of Cairo. In ancient times a virgin was sacrificed to the Nile. Although the practice was abolished in the eighth century, it was considered necessary to supply a substitute to appease the river god. Accordingly the prettiest Arab girl was chosen—it was considered an exceedingly great honor for the family from whose tablet the victim was taken—and at the ceremony of "the cutting of the dam" the wretched girl was thrown into the water and allowed to drown in the sight of the many thousand spectators, whose barbarous instincts drew them to the spot, and whose frightful was fed by the aspect of this criminal sacrifice. Nowadays, this canal is filled in, and no life is sacrificed, but a mound is still set up and cut away with great ceremony, and a lifesized doll, well weighted, is cast into the Nile, so that symbolically, at any rate, the ancient idea is still carried out.

The Egyptians love this occasion and it is indeed interesting to watch the greeting and style of intercourse between the sheikhs—the kissing of hands, the touching of the forehead and breast, and the murmurings of blessings. One never tired of the scene, and one resented the throwing back of the sides of the tent, and the outburst of fireworks which followed it, as a misplaced interruption.

Over this display appealed to the mob gathered without the walls of the inclosure. All Cairo—that is to say, all native Cairo—was there, and the sight was a picturesque one. Gaily-lit steam launches, with decks black with passengers, glided up and down the Nile, and scores of grass-sails were moored off the banks, laden with natives, who scaled the fore-yards and mainmasts to get a good view. When the Bengal lights were lit from both banks the spectacle became a very pretty one, and the delight of the mob was most enjoyable to witness.

European ideas are fast pervading Egypt, and western amusements are supplanting oriental ones. Let us hope the two surviving Egyptian fetes—Sham el Nessin (the day marking the beginning of summer, literally the smelling of the breezes), and the Cutting of the Khalig—will not follow them; for with them would disappear the last remnant of the ancient egyptian ceremonies.

With Coffee and Sugar.

"A cup of coffee after being sugared forms by no means bad barometer," declares a scientist. "When the sugar dissolves quietly in the coffee without stirring numberless little bubbles of air rise to the surface of the liquid. If these form a frothy mass in the middle of the cup you may safely rely upon fine weather for some time. On the other hand, if the froth collects in a ring round the margin of the cup heavy rain may be expected. Again, when the froth remains half way between the sides and the center of the cup the weather is sure to be changeable; but should the froth flow in spots and lumps toward the sides of the cup we may look for gentle rain."

Edwin Booth's Open Theatre.

A year or more before his death Edwin Booth received a letter from a prominent New York minister, in which the reverend gentleman explained that he had always felt a desire to witness Booth's portrayal of "Hamlet, but as such an act would be contrary to the doctrine of his faith he asked Booth if he could not arrange to have him admitted by a private entrance after the performance had begun, it being his intention to leave by the same door, thereby escaping the notice of the audience.

To this Booth replied:

"Reverend Sir: Yours received. In reply would say there is no door in the theatre through which God cannot see."

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TO AVOID PREMATURE BURIAL.

Precautions at Weimar—English Society Takes Up Matter.

In England there is a society whose object is to awaken public opinion on the subject of premature burial and to work for the passage of laws which will make premature burial impossible.

Statistics have been prepared to show that in Europe out of every 500 supposed deaths one person is reanimated. Although members of the medical profession refuse to take any interest in the matter it is probably true, says Suggestion, that many persons are buried while in a state of suspended animation.

It is stated that in the cemetery just outside the town of Weimar there is special provision made against the danger of premature burial from suspended animation. No bodies are placed in the ground until they have spent a considerable time in a receiving vault.

In the fingers of the corpse are placed strings which communicate with an alarm. The least movement will ring a bell in an adjoining chamber, where a guardian is always on the watch.

In several instances by this timely alarm persons prematurely buried have been rescued. It is said that the provision arose from the tradition that one of the princes of Saxe-Weimar, this being their family burial place, was buried alive here.

Queen Maud's Scrap Book.

A rather unique scrapbook of newspaper clippings is made up by Queen Maud of Norway. Evenings are becoming long in Norway, and the court of Christiania is not only the youngest one of Europe, but at the same time one of the quietest. They say Queen Maud does not yet feel quite at ease in the new realm of her spouse, so she devoted herself to a unique collecting fad.

The young Queen placed orders with every newspaper clipping agency, and receives from them daily those articles in which King Haakon or she is mentioned. From this mass of writings she selects those which owe their origin to nothing but the imagination, the invention or lack of information of the authors and do not correspond to facts. These are entered in an album on the cover of which she has written things we never said or did."

"The collection is already pretty voluminous and is increasing from day to day. Later on it will undoubtedly be a mine of evidence for historical researches.

Miss Marietta Livengood,

of Paragould, Arkansas, who is described as a musical and elocutionary wonder. Though only five years of age she has appeared at concerts and recitals and has been praised in the press highly.

HUMPHREYS'

Specifics cure by acting directly on the *sick parts* without disturbing the rest of the system.

No. 1 for Fevers.
No. 2 " Worms.
No. 3 " Teething.
No. 4 " Diarrhea.
No. 7 " Coughs.
No. 8 " Neuralgia.
No. 9 " Headaches.
No. 10 " Dyspepsia.
No. 11 " Suppressed Periods.
No. 12 " Whites.
No. 13 " Croup.
No. 14 " The Skin.
No. 15 " Rheumatism.
No. 16 " Malaria.
No. 19 " Catarrh.
No. 20 " Whooping Cough.
No. 27 " The Kidneys.
No. 30 " The Bladder.
No. 77 " La Grippe.

In small bottles of pellets that fit the vest pocket. At Druggists or mailed, 25c. each.

Medical Guide mailed free.

Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Streets, New York.

REJECTS CHALLENGE.

The New York Yacht Club Notifies Lipton: Wants 90 Footers.

New York, Sept. 27.—The New York Yacht Club declined the challenge of the Royal Irish Yacht Club. The challenge was issued on behalf of the Sir Thomas Lipton and was, as has been told a brief document.

Sir Thomas had sent a letter to the club saying that he had challenged with a boat of the 68 foot class under the New York Yacht Club rules.

He also asked that he be allowed to build two yachts and select the better of the two for the cup race. The challenge simply said that Shamrock IV. was the yacht and the length given was as the 68 foot rating class under the rules.

Commodore Ledyard declared the club was willing to accept a challenge under the conditions under which the cup had been raced for any time if a 90 footer should be built.

ADMITS HE'S A LOOTER.

Quigg Says He Got $217,807 From Metropolitan Securities Co.

New York, Oct. 2.—That the Metropolitan Securities Company had paid out $217,807 to Lemuel Ely Quigg in the last four years was one of the things brought out at a hearing in the investigation of the Public Service Commission into the affairs of the Interborough-Metropolitan Company.

Mr. Quigg, who was called as a witness toward the close of the session, admitted that he had received that amount and identified receipts and vouchers covering with the payments. About $150,000 of it, he testified, had been spent in the Metropolitan's attempts to get for new subway routes and shut out the Belmont interests.

FLEET IN STORM.

Two Lives Were Lost and Four Seamen Injured.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 2.—During a storm when at times the wind blew at the rate of seventy miles an hour, the North Atlantic fleet at anchor off Cape Cod was in serious danger.

Lieutenant John H. Furse, of the battle ship Illinois, was dashed against a stanchion and died of his injuries; a seaman, Carroll, was washed overboard from the battle ship Minnesota and lost, and the cruiser Des Moines was damaged by being run down by the supply ship Glacier, which had dragged her anchor. Both vessels were sent to the Boston Navy Yard for repairs.

Four other seamen were more or less seriously injured.

GETS $3,000,000 IF—

Quakeress Leaves That Sum to Swarthmore Conditionally.

Philadelphia, Oct. 2.—When the will of Miss Anna T. Jeanes, the eccentric Quakeress who had a leaning toward Buddhism and who died at he Hicksite Friends Home in this city, was probated it was found that property valued at $3,000,000 had been left to Swarthmore College under the condition that all participation in intercollegiate sports be abandoned by the college.

If Swarthmore refuses to meet the condition of the gift the money will go to a new hospital, provision fo the founding of which is otherwise made in Miss Jeanes's will.

Snails Upset Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Sept. 27.—The Thirteenth Ward of this city is overrun with snails, four inches long, which have become such an annoyance to the citizens that they have appealed to Dr. J. F. Edwards, Superintendent of the Board of Health, and he is trying to figure out how to get rid of them.

The snails are what is known as the hog-faced variety, and are natives of China. Just how they got to Pittsburg in such large numbers is something that Dr. Edwards cannot figure out, and he has appealed to Dr. W. J. Holland, the scientist, for information.

The Board of Health will try to drive them out.

Mighty Meteor At Sunset.

New York, Oct. 3.—A meteor of majestic proportions swept the western sky at sunset. To onlookers it appeared larger and brighter than an arc light seen a block away, but was of a more bluish hue.

The heavenly visitor left a trail of sparks along its whole course as it seemed to travel from due north to due south, and the apparent slowness of its movement greatly impressed those who were fortunate enough to see it. Some declared it to have been visible for a full minute.

Editor Wounded in Duel.

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 2.—It has just become known here that a duel between Editor Mazier of The Revell and Dr. Fromy was fought in the rink with swords at St. Pierre, Miquelon.

After ten minutes, fierce fighting the editor received a bad thrust of a sword in the right breast. His second, Dr Thibaud, seeing the nature of his friend's wound, declared Mazier unable to continue the fight.

The duel was the result of an article in The Revell questioning the honor of Dr. and Mrs Fromy.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JANUARY 29, 1906

Trains leave EASTON as follows:

For Newspeck and Wilkes-Barre, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 2:16 (2:28 Newspeck only), 5:22 p. m. week-days.

For Catawissa and Sunbury, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:27, 7:- p. m. week days; Sundays 4:27 p. m.

For Clinton and Scranton as follows: 7:50 10:46 a. m., 2:46, 5:39 p. m. week-days.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7:50 a. m., 4:27 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 4:27, 5:39 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, and Ridgway 11:47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 4:27 p. m. For Williamsport and intermediate stations, 7:50, 11:47 a. m., 4:27, 7:39 p. m. week days; 4:27 p. m. Sundays.

For Bethlehem, Freemansburg, and Clearfield, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 1:07, 7:05 p. m. week days; 1:07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 1:07, 7:05 p. m. week days; Sundays, 1:07 p. m.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), 8:25 a. m., 1:07, 7:05 p. m. week days; Sundays, 1:07 p. m. Additional trains for Philadelphia (via Lewisburg Junction), 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week days, via Lock Haven, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Mgr. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 19, 1905.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG:

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Lewistown Junction, via East Mahanoy Junction, 8:27 a. m. week days.

For Harrisburg, week days, 7:27 a. m. 1:20 p. m.

For Danville and Sunbury, weekdays, 7:27 a. m. 1:20 p. m.

For Catawissa and Renovo, weekdays, 7:27, 11:20 a. m. 12:20, 7:09 p. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7:27, 11:20 a. m. 12:20, 7:09, p. m.

For Hazleton, weekdays, 7:27, 11:20 a. m. 12:20 p.m., 7:09, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York, via Philadelphia, 9:40 a. m., via Easton, 4:30 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 8:10 a. m.

Leave Reading, 9:45 a. m.

Leave Pottsville, 10:30 a. m.

Leave Tamaqua, 4:30 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, week days, 8:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, weekdays, 6:50, 8:50 a. m. 1:50, 5:32 p. m.

Leave Rupert, week days, 8:41, 9:03, 11:40 a. m. 1:58, 5:40 6:21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R. R.

From Chestnut Street Ferry.

For South St. see time tables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:20 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp. (60 Minutes)	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp	5:00 p. m. Exp.	4:05 p. m.
11:22 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	7:00 p. m.
2:30 p. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	SEA ISLE CITY 8:50 a. m.
SUNDAYS.		
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY.
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	8:40 a. m.
9:30 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
1:20 a. m. Exp.		

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St., 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3902 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m

First car leaves Catawis Sunda 30 a. m.

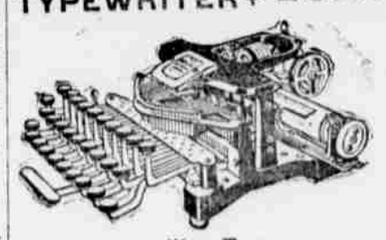
¶From Power House.

*Saturday night only.

†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

THE POSTAL TYPEWRITER $25.00



A Few Excelling Features

First-class in material and workmanship.
Uses universal key board—writes 84 characters.
Simple construction—Fewest parts.
Alignment positive and permanent.
Extra great manifolding power.
Unexcelled for mimeograph stencil cutting.
Inked by ribbon, as in $100 machine
Visible writing—no carriage to lift.
Style of type changed if desired in few seconds.
Light, easily carried—weighs only 10½ pounds.
The lowest priced practical typewriter.
Every machine fully guaranteed.
Why pay $100 for a typewriter when the Postal, which will do just the same work as well, as easily and as quickly will cost you only $25.
Why tie up that $75 where you derive no benefit from it?
This machine can be seen at the COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Postal Typewriter Company
Norwalk Conn

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	*6 45	10 00	1.50	*5 40
Cameron	6 58	....	12 13	6 04
Danville	7 05	10 15	2 11	5 45
Catawissa	7 19	10 30	2 25	6 59
Rupert	7 24	10 35	2 30	7 04
Light Street	7 28	....	2 34	7 08
Paper Mill	7 31	10 41	2 37	7 11
Bloomsburg	7 36	10 46	2 42	7 16
Lime Ridge	7 41	10 51	2 47	....
Willow Grove	7 45	....	2 51	....
Briarcreek	7 48	....	2 54	....
Espy	7 54	11 02	3 00	....
Berwick	8 00	11 07	3 05	7 50
Nescopeck	8 15	11 22	3 20	8 05
Stillwater	8 21	11 28	3 26	8 11
Glen Brook	8 25	....	3 30	8 15
Forks	8 30	11 37	3 35	8 20
Sugarloaf	8 36	....	3 41	8 26
Conyngham	8 42	11 49	3 47	8 32
Hunlock Creek	8 47	11 55	3 52	8 37
Shickshinny	8 55	12 03	4 00	8 45
Ross Run	9 00	....	4 05	8 50
Ross Ferry	9 03	....	4 08	8 53
Mocanaqua	9 07	12 15	4 12	8 57
Nanticoke	9 12	12 20	4 17	9 02
Newport	9 19	12 34	4 24	9 09
Plymouth	9 23	....	4 28	9 13
Larksville	9 27	....	4 32	9 17
Edwardsville	9 30	12 44	4 35	9 20
Kingston	9 33	....	4 38	9 23
Forty Fort	9 37	....	4 42	9 27
Wyoming	9 41	....	4 46	9 31
Pittston	9 48	12 59	4 53	9 38
Duryea	9 53	....	4 58	9 43
Avoca	9 57	1 08	5 02	9 47
Dunmore	10 03	1 14	5 08	9 53
Throop	10 06	....	5 11	9 56
Providence	10 08	1 19	5 13	9 58
Scranton	10 15	1 25	5 20	10 05

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Scranton	6 35	10 20	1 05	*5 40
Providence	6 42	10 30	1 15	5 50
Throop	6 50	10 36	1 21	5 56
Dunmore	6 54	10 40	1 25	6 00
Avoca	6 57	10 43	1 28	6 03
Duryea	7 03	10 48	1 33	6 08
Pittston	7 08	10 53	1 38	6 13
Wyoming	7 15	10 58	1 43	6 18
Forty Fort	7 19	11 02	1 47	6 22
Kingston	7 23	....	1 51	6 26
Edwardsville	7 26	11 12	1 54	6 29
Larksville	7 29	....	1 57	6 32
Plymouth	7 33	....	2 01	6 36
Newport	7 37	....	2 05	6 40
Nanticoke	7 44	11 32	2 12	6 47
Hunlock Creek	7 49	11 37	2 17	6 52
Shickshinny	7 54	11 42	2 22	6 57
Ross Ferry	8 02	11 50	2 30	7 05
Ross Run	8 05	....	2 33	7 08
Mocanaqua	8 08	11 56	2 36	7 11
Nescopeck	8 14	12 01	2 42	7 17
Stillwater	8 28	12 15	2 56	7 31
Glen Brook	8 32	....	3 00	7 35
Berwick	8 37	12 24	3 05	7 40
Espy	8 43	12 30	3 11	7 46
Briarcreek	8 49	....	3 17	7 52
Willow Grove	8 52	....	3 20	7 55
Lime Ridge	8 56	12 43	3 24	7 59
Bloomsburg	9 01	12 48	3 29	8 04
Paper Mill	9 06	12 53	3 34	8 09
Light Street	9 09	12 56	3 37	8 12
Rupert	9 13	12 59	3 41	8 16
Catawissa	9 27	1 13	3 55	8 30
Danville	9 41	1 27	4 09	8 44
Cameron	9 54	1 40	4 22	8 57
NORTHUMBERLAND	10 05	1 52	4 33	9 08

A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.

Daily, † Daily except Sunday. ‡ Stops on signal or notice to conductor.

E. M. BINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1906, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
	‡	†	‡	‡
Bloomsburg D. L. & W.	5 00	2 37	6 15	8 00
Bloomsburg P. & R.	5 02	2 39	6 17	....
Bloomsburg Main St.	5 05	2 42	6 20	....
Paper Mill	5 15	2 52	6 30	8 15
Light Street	5 18	2 55	6 34	8 18
Orangeville	5 26	3 03	6 42	8 26
Forks	5 30	3 13	6 52	8 30
Zaners	5 40	3 17	6 57	8 35
Stillwater	5 48	3 25	7 05	8 43
Benton	5 56	3 33	7 13	8 50
Edsona	f 6 01	f3 37	f7 17	8 56
Coles Creek	f 6 03	f3 40	f7 20	8 58
Laubachs	f 6 08	f3 45	f7 25	9 03
Grass Mere Park	6 09	3 47	7 27	9 04
Central	6 13	3 52	7 31	9 08
Jamison City	6 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
	†	†	‡	‡	‡
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 54	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	6 01	11 12	f. 47	f11 00	.....
Laubachs	f6 03	f11 02	f4 48	f7 15	11 58
Coles Creek	6 12	f11 06	f4 53	f7 22	12 05
Edsona	f6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 15
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 25
Zaners	f6 35	f11 29	f5 17	f7 45	12 38
Forks	6 39	11 34	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 4	5 31	8 00	1 20
Light Street	7 00	11 50	39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 15	1 50
Bloom. Main St.	7 12	12 02	5 50	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P. & R.	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D. L. & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No 21 and 22, mixed, second class.

† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily. ‡ Sunday only. f Flag stop.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

12-10-1y

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

PATENTS

PROCURED AND DEFENDED. Send model, drawing or photo for expert search and free report, free advice, how to obtain patents, trade marks, copyrights, etc. IN ALL COUNTRIES.

Business direct with Washington saves time, money and often the patent.

Patent and Infringement Practice Exclusively. Write or come to us at

625 F Street, opp. United States Patent Office. WASHINGTON, D. C.

CASNOW

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000 | Undivided Profits $30.000 | Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

OFFICERS:

W. M. Low, President. J. M. Staver, Vice President.
E. B. Tustin, Vice President. E. F. Carpenter, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

W. M. Low,	F. G. Yorks,	Frank Ikeler,	Joseph Ratti,
E. B. Tustin,	Fred Ikeler,	Geo. S. Robbins,	S. C. Creasy,
J. M. Staver.	M. I. Low,	Louis Gross,	H. V. Hower.

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1907

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS—Inside the county $1.00 a year In advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in Advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa

Political.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
JOHN G. HARMAN,
of Bloomsburg.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM,
of Bloomsburg.

HARMAN'S CAMPAIGN OPENED.

Hon. John G. Harman opened a campaign as Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, in Pittsburg last Saturday night. An audience of over four thousand filled the building to overflowing. Speeches were made by State Treasurer Berry, who was warmly greeted, and others.

But it wasn't all a Berry meeting, this opening rally of the Democratic State campaign. One of the features of the gathering was the tremendous ovation tendered Candidate John G. Harman as he entered the hall with Berry, escorted by William J. Brennen, city chairman and candidate for Judge of Common Pleas Court, No. 4. The crowd cheered for 20 minutes.

The Carlisle Club, of Pittsburg, escorted the speakers from the Monongahela House, where Berry and Harman had held a reception all day. They were visited by hundreds of voters, many Republicans being among the number.

The rally was the most enthusiastic held in that city since Candidate Bryan made his famous appearance.

The other speakers were Mayor Guthrie, of Pittsburg; John H. Fow, of Philadelphia; W. J. Brennen and John B. Larkin, of Pittsburg.

HARMAN'S MAGNETIC SPEECH.

In the audience were many independent voters who took a keen interest in the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, Mr. Harman. His remarks on the sins committed by the Republican administration, and its supporters, together with his promises, to be fulfilled if elected, created deep interest.

It does not look as though it were necessary to have a joint debate between Harman and Sheatz in order that the Democrats can draw a crowd at their meetings, as some of the Republican organs are so absurdly claiming.

The ancient myth that oysters were eatable only in the months with an R in them was dispelled long ago, though many persons still hold to the practice it inculcated. It has had one good result, however, and that is to greatly reduce the consumption of oysters during four months of the year. With September the tabooed letter reappears, and now this famous food will be plentiful all over this part of the world, as the reports seem to indicate that the harvest will be equal to the demand. The number of oysters eaten is almost beyond comprehension. In the height of the season Philadelphia receives about 160,000 bushels per week; Baltimore still more.

PENNSYLVANIA IS IN EARNEST.

There is good news from Harrisburg. The long-delayed action against the men accused of the big statehouse graft has begun. Governor Stuart has made good thus far, and the Attorney General has apparently not only got his nerve up to the sticking point, but has collected the necessary evidence for the prosecution. Now that the warrants have been issued for the arrest of the alleged boodlers, there can be no turning back. Even Pennsylvania may eventually be purged of its corruption, and the regime of Quay and his parasitic friends may be looked back to with horror, through an atmosphere of clean politics.

The roll of dishonor which now becomes a part of the State's criminal records is such as to give satisfaction to the most rabid political purist. Some heads that wear public halos have escaped the lightning, but the list of the stricken is notable. . . .

These are the men who are held accountable for the theft of at least $5,000,000 out of the $9,000,000 spent in furnishing the capitol, and a graft relatively unimportant in the erection of the building itself. Such arrests have been long expected. The people of Pennsylvania and of the entire country will eagerly await the trial. Every honest American cannot but feel a deep interest in the punishment of whatever men are guilty of such such crimes. The perpetration of the most colossal graft in the history of the United States leaves no loophole for sentiment. If these men are guilty they are enemies of the Republic. The principles involved intimately touch every State and every community. The adequate punishment of the guilty parties will lift a burden from the conscience of the nation.

—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

Foreign Postal Rates.

The Postoffice Department has issued notice of a new rate of postage to all foreign countries except Canada, Mexico, Cuba and Republic of Panama.

Under this new schedule the rates are as follows: For letters, five cents for first ounce, and three cents for each additional ounce, or fraction thereof; for postal cards, single, two cents each, double, four cents each; for commercial papers, five cents for the first ten ounces or less, and one cent for each additional two ounces or fraction thereof, packages not to be closed against inspection; for samples of merchandise, two cents for the first four ounces or less, and one cent for each additional two ounces or fraction thereof; for "prints" of every kind, one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof, limit of weight four pounds, six ounces, limit of size, eighteen inches in any direction.

Does Your Heart Beat

Yes. 100,000 times each day. Does it send out good blood or bad blood? You know, for good blood is good health; bad blood, bad health. And you know precisely what to take for bad blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Doctors have endorsed it for 60 years.

One frequent cause of bad blood is a sluggish liver. This produces constipation. Poisonous substances are then absorbed into the blood. Keep the bowels open with Ayer's Pills.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. Sept. 26, 1907.

President Roosevelt and Secretary Root almost passed each other in the depot here this week, the one coming back to Washington from his summer vacation at Oyster Bay and the other leaving the city for a long trip through Mexico. The President had finished the regular summer vacation that keeps the White House vacant for three months each summer, and was making a flying trip to Washington before starting on his tour of the west. He will leave here about the end of this month for Canton, Ohio, where he will take part in the dedication of the McKinley Monument. Thence he will go to Keokuk and meet the Inland Waterways Commission for a trip down the Mississippi as far as Memphis. There he will address the Lake to Gulf Waterways Convention in what ought to be a talk of national moment. The convention is planning for the long projected ship channel from the Lakes to the Gulf, down the Mississippi. It is hoped that this dream will become a reality before the Panama Canal is finished. With these two arteries of trade, the United States will be in a position to make a bid for world traffic such as she has never made before, and such as all-water route would make cheap freights to foreign countries for practically all of the United States, putting the states of the Mississippi Valley on a level in this regard with the states of either the Atlantic or Pacific seaboard.

President Roosevelt will not remain in Washington long on this visit, but he will have a chance to meet at the White House the bishop of London, Bishop Ingram, who is here for the great Episcopal convention. It happens that the Bishop though a much older man than the President, is also an ardent tennis player, and the two have arranged a match on the White House court to be played during the visit of the Bishop to the White House. It will be a contest of church and state sure enough and the President will have a chance to win back for America some of the tennis laurels that have been lost by the American teams in England of late years.

***

Secretary Root's visit to Mexico is partly for pleasure and partly for business. There were a number of good results from his recent trip around South America. He was received everywhere in his official capacity as the representative of the United States and his presence did much to cement the ties of international friendship and make possible the understanding with the Central American states and Mexico averting the recent threatened war. His present visit to Mexico has some connection with a better understanding with Mexico over the almost constant problem of keeping quiet the turbulent states to the south of her. The good feeling between Mexico and the United States has been growing of recent years and the visit of Secretary Root will do much to increase it.

***

Word has come from that indefatigable globe trotter, Secretary Taft who is now on the eve of reaching Japan. Preparations are being made for his extensive entertainment in the land of the Mikado, but dispatches from Russia indicate that his coming is awaited there with even more eagerness. Some of the Russian papers believe that his visit to St. Petersburg will mark the consummation of a definite alliance between Russia and the United States. This of course is not so, as there are no offensive or defensive alliances of the United States with any foreign nations, and the only regularly recognized treaties are made by the President and approved by the Senate. But in Russia the wish is father to the thought, and as the Land of the Czar has a standing grudge to pay off against the Land of the Mikado, the idea is welcomed in Russia that some sort of understanding may be reached with the United States in virtue of which the two countries will eventually join forces against Japan. Russia is firmly convinced that this country will have Japan to fight sooner or later, and would greatly like to be in on the job when the clash occurs. The Russian papers have been hailing the advent of the American battleship squadron to the Pacific as the first sign of this conflict and think that the journey of Secretary Taft to St. Petersburg is directly connected with an international understanding.

***

Speaking of the cruise of the battleships, there will be an immense amount of coal needed for them, both before leaving the Atlantic coast and after reaching San Francisco. It will amount to almost 100,000 tons altogether. The tenders for the coal were opened at the Navy Department this week, and while they have not yet all been sorted out, the indications are that the foreign tenders for the coal to be delivered on the Atlantic coast are a good deal lower than those of the home producers. The same is true of the coal to be delivered on the Pacific, with the exception of a rather unexpected tender from the Mines in Alaska. They have put in a bid for 40,000 tons of coal to be delivered at San Francisco at a lower rate than any of the other bidders. It only remains to be seen whether the Alaskan coal will come up to the specifications of the Navy Department, and officers are to be sent north to make this inspection at once.

***

There has just been ratified an agreement entered into by the last meeting of the international Postal Union, of which the United States is a member, in virtue of which foreign letters will cost about half of what they have done up to date. Foreign postage has been at the rate of five cents for half an ounce, and this is cut by the recent agreement to five cents for a whole ounce, and three cents for each additional ounce. The most convenient feature of the new agreement also is that the sender of a foreign letter can purchase a certificate for six cents entitling the holder to a five cent stamp in the country to which the letter is mailed. This will provide for return postage where so desired and will make a cheap and convenient medium such as has never existed before for sending small amounts abroad.

The Twentieth-Century Church.

(From Leslie's Weekly.)

The institutional church is doing splendid work, but is not further development possible? The idea of a costly church building as a place of merely ceremonial worship is a relic of barbarism; splendid edifices devoted solely to such uses are monuments to the old heathenish idea that the worship of God consists in outward pomp and display. Christ Himself preached on the mountains and in the fields; must His disciples of to-day preach in cathedrals? Church members in many of our great cities are weekly solicited for contributions to home and foreign missions and the manifold philanthropies of the church, and it is well that they should give of their abundance. But is it not a pity that less well-to-do worshipers should be called upon for church expenditures which they can ill afford, or perhaps kept out of the churches by reason of their inability to make them, when the interest on the churches' unproductive real-estate investments would go far toward providing funds for these noble purposes? Has not the time come when the churches should either utilize their expensive sites, in part at least, for business purposes, or sell them and devote the larger part of the proceeds to practical Christian uses? Would there be any incongruity in having a modest share of the church property devoted to assembly-rooms, while other portions were put to business purposes? Then the property of our churches, administered on business principles, might yield such returns that church philanthropies would flourish as never before, salaries sufficient to attract and hold the ablest men in the ministry might be paid, and practicality and spirituality might go hand in hand in the forward march of the Church of the Twentieth Century.

Great Money in Tree Spraying.

State Pomologist J. H. Funk, of Boyertown, who always has a big fruit crop when hardly anybody else does, attributes his success to the fact that he takes care of his trees scientifically, especially spraying to exterminate the San Jose scale.

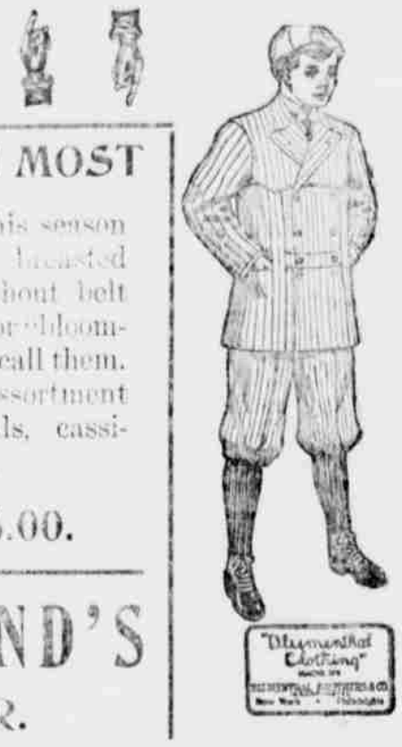
He is now about to pick 3000 bushels of apples and 200 of pears. The former he will put in cold storage and sell for $8 and $9 per barrel, next spring, although he could get $4 right now. He says it pays to beat the San Jose scale and bad weather.

BOYS'

Stylish Fall Suits

That will wear well, always look well, and please the boy as well as you, are the only sort you'll find here at the right prices.

$2.00 to $8.00.



ONE OF THE MOST

Popular Suits for this season consists of double breasted Jacket with or without belt and knickerbockers or "bloomers" as some people call them. Here in a large assortment of beautiful worsteds, cassimeres and cheviots.

$4.00 to $8.00.

TOWNSEND'S CORNER.

BUYING TIME FOR

Thrifty Housewives

Right at this time when good housewives are buying Furniture and Kitchen Ware, our extra values will make this store the mecca for nearly all of them.

Now just a word as to this Furniture. We only ask that you look all around—compare ours with other stock and we feel confident of your verdict—"I CAN DO BETTER AT PURSEL'S."

And the Kitchen Helps—we can only mention a few in the space of course, but if you have a need in that line come here. We will save you money every time.

Furniture.

Rocking Chairs 1.50 to 15.00.
Parlor and Library Tables 1.50 to 22.50.
Buffets 20.00 to 39.50.
Side Boards 10.00 to 35.00
China Closets 20.00 to 40
Extension Tables 5.00 to 35.00.
Dining Chairs 4.50 to 25.00 a Set.
Couches 6.75 to 39.00,
Chiffoniers 6.00 to 22.50.
Bed Room Suits 16.50 to $100.
White Enameled and Brass Beds 5.00 to 35.00.

Kitchen Helps

A full and complete line of the justly celebrated Edleweiss cooking ware 10c to 1.50.
Rochester Nickle ware in Chafing dishes, tea and coffee pots, syrup jugs and what not—all guaranteed.
Scrub Brushes 10c to 25c
White Wash Brushes 25 to 50c.
Wisp Brooms 10 to 25c.

Kitchen Helps

Floor Brushes 1.00 to 1.50
Wall Brushes 60c.
Stove Brushes 15 to 25c.
Washing Machines 7.50 to 9.50.
Clothes Wringers 1.75 to 3.50.
Carpet Sweepers 1.75 to 2.75.
Cedar Wash Tubs, (three sizes) 90c., 1.35 and 1.75.
Painted Pine wash tubs 75 to 90c.
Galvanized wash tubs 80, 90 and 1.00.
Wash Boards 15 to 40c.
Wood Scrub Buckets 20c
Galvanized Buckets, 10 qt size 20c., 12 qt. size 25c
Fibre water buckets 35c.
Heavy Tin water buckets, 12 qt. size 40c., 14 qt. 50c.
Enameled water buckets 38 to 90c.
Heavy Tin Wash Boilers (with lid) No. 8 for 1.25 and No. 9 for 1.35.
Heavy Tin Wash Boilers, copper bottom, No. 8 for 1.35 and No. 9 for 1.50.
All copper Wash Boilers $3

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

Cut off that cough with

Jayne's Expectorant

and prevent pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption.

The world's Standard Throat and Lung Medicine for 75 years.

Get it of your druggist and keep it always ready in the house.

EVANS' SHOE STORE

FALL SHOES.

The assortment of EVANS' Shoes provides a shoe for every need, a style for every taste, a fit for every foot.

Until you have seen these new models, or better yet, enjoyed the luxury of wearing one of them, you can not realize what shoe perfection means.

You are cordially invited to come in and see these new fashions.

The Progressive Shoe Store

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1907

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Milton is having fine weather for its fair this week.

A lot of race horses are already on hand for the fair next week.

Seven members of one family at Paxinos are ill with typhoid fever

E. B. Tustin's residence is being connected with the Steam Heating Company's plant.

Danville has a low price vaudeville show house, and two 5 cent moving picture shows.

ANY MAN who has ever sold nursery stock will learn something to his advantage by addressing BOX 1105, WATERLOO, N. Y. 9-19-4t.

C. Ed. Lewis and George Wagenseller are attending the State Convention of Firemen at Pittsburg this week.

Daniel Stiner who was injured by a cave-in on Jefferson street in a sewer ditch last week, is no better, and has been taken to the Joseph Ratti Hospital.

Joseph W. Hidlay who has been the efficient book-keeper of the Bloomsburg *Daily* for the past year has accepted a position in Chester county, and left Monday.

Prof. O. H. Bakeless delivered an excellent address at the meeting of the Teachers' Graded Union on Tuesday evening. His subject was "The Boy before he is nine."

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa. post office: Mrs. Boyd Fry, Mr. Geo. W. Phillips, Mr. A. E. Weil. Cards. Mrs. M. E. McCarthy, Mr. Edward Peters, Mrs. C. G. Woodford.

E. C. Brady of Espy was down town for the first time on Tuesday, since his injury while alighting from a trolley car three months ago. He was at his old stand at the curbstone market this morning.

PATENTS Money in small inventions as well as large. Send for free booklet. **Milo B. Stevens & Co.**, 884 14th St., **Washington, D. C.** Branches: Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit Estab. 1864. 9-19-4t.

Miss Martha Frymire has accepted a position as teacher of music in the public schools of Cedro Wooley, one hundred miles north of Seattle, Washington. She has been visiting out there for the past three months.

Isaac Heacock of Millville fell from a ladder on Tuesday fracturing his shoulder. He was standing on the ladder picking apples. Mr. Heacock is eighty years old. He fell quite a distance landing on his shoulder and arm.

Rev. Dr. G. H. Hemingway and W. H. Brower attended the sessions of Northumberland Presbytery this week, in session at Watsontown. On Tuesday evening a public meeting was held, and Dr. James B. Neal, of China, was among the speakers.

H. M. Johnson will sell at public sale on the premises, one and one-half miles from Jerseytown, on Wednesday, October 30th, 1907, a lot of personal property, consisting of horses, cattle, farming implements, and household goods. ts.

John G. Harman, Esq., will deliver the memorial address to Ashland Lodge of Elks. The Ashland *Telegram* thus speaks of Mr. Harman:

"Ashland Lodge No. 394, B. P. O. Elks, has been particularly fortunate in securing the services of so able an orator as the Hon. John G. Harman to deliver the oration at the memorial services of the order to be held at the opera house on Sunday, the first of December next. Mr. Harman is one of the foremost lawyers at the Columbia county bar, and lives at Bloomsburg, and is a member of the Elks fraternity at that place."

William H. Calhoun, of Sunbury and Miss Marion Fagely, were married at the bride's home on Monday evening. The bride is a sister of Manager Fagely of the United Telephone office in Bloomsburg, and Mr. Calhoun formerly resided here, being employed in Martin's jewelry store.

Miss Bessie Hendershott, daughter of Mrs. Chas T. Hendershott, was married to Byron Spencer of McKees Rocks, Pa. at Rochester, N. Y. last Saturday, by Rev. Dr. T. B. Anderson, at the Presbyterian Manse. They will reside at McKees Rocks where Mr. Spencer is employed by the Pittsburg Pressed Steel Car Co. The bride was until recently employed by the Bell Telephone Co. in this town.

FOOT BALL AT THE NORMAL.

The student body of the Normal held a mass meeting in the auditorium for the purpose of getting up different yells and songs for the coming foot ball season which will open on Saturday with the crack Wilkes-Barre High School foot ball team. Prof. Bryant presided over the meeting and made some encouraging remarks. Manager Davis was called upon for a few remarks. He stated that seven varsity games would be played on the home grounds and three on foreign territory which will be October 12, November 20 and November 23, pending. Captain Morgan also gave a few suggestions as to the season's work. Further remarks were made by Profs. Chase and Shaubach. An election was held for cheer leader in which Jay Grimes, '08, was elected and Miss Letson as assistant cheer leader. Season tickets to students only at $1 per ticket will be sold for the benefit of the foot ball team. General admissions to the games will be 20 cents for the students and 25 cents for all others.

Bloomsburg Fair.

The Fifty-third annual Fair of the Columbia County Agricultural Society will be held October 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th, 1907.

The grounds have been greatly improved by the addition of five acres of land purchased this season and new buildings erected for the accommodation of horses and cattle.

New and interesting attractions have been secured, the exhibits will, from present indications, surpass anything of the past.

The races will be for the 2:18 pace, 2:27 trot and 2:25 pace on Wednesday; 2:12 pace, 2:16 trot and 2:21 pace Thursday and Free for All; 2:20 trot and 2:15 pace Friday. The purses being $400, $500 and $600 will attract the best horses in the circuits.

The Bloomsburg Fair is a Great Home Week. You will meet all your old frinds there. Competition open to all. Premium Lists mailed on application.

Hotel for Sale.

W. W. Crawford will offer his Jerseytown hotel property at public sale on October 4th at 1 p. m. This is a fine stand, and has enjoyed a high reputation for many years. It is the old A. K. Smith stand, but has been remodeled. It is a good opportunity for any one wishing to go in the business. 9-19-3t

C. & M. Dividend.

The Columbia & Montour Electric Railway has declared a three per cent dividend on its capital stock. This shows excellent management for the road has had many unusual expenses. Much of the credit for this successful showing is due to Superintendent Terwilliger, who is the right man in the right place.

H. W. CHAMPLIN M. D.

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

Particular attention to examining and treating children's eyes.

Ent Buildin Bloomsburg, Pa

MEDICINE SAMPLES.

Must Not Be Distributed Free From Door to Door.

By an act passed May 8, 1907, it is unlawful to distribute samples of medicine or candy from house to house. The act reads as follows: May 8, 1907, provides that it shall not be lawful for any person to deposit, cast, throw or place any package, parcel or sample of any medicine or candy in or upon any house, building, porch, veranda, portico or any other part of any house or building or in or upon any lawn, yard, lane, street or public highway within this commonwealth. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars or undergo imprisonment for one year or both or either at the discretion of the court

It cost a young man in Danville twenty-five dollars and costs to find there is such a law.

Grave Found After 40 Years.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Rost and their daughters, of Danville, have returned from an exceedingly pleasant visit to Jamestown, Norfolk and numerous other points of interest in that section says the *Morning News*.

Although the party visited the Jamestown exposition and found much to interest them there, yet this trip was undertaken principally for the purpose of finding, if possible, the grave of Mrs. Rost's brother, Lloyd Marks, who died while in the service just after the surrender of Lee.

Nothing was known of the young soldier's grave and the manner of his burial by the relatives in the north. Indeed, it was not until after the expiration of one year that it was learned for a certainty that he was dead. Up to the present visit the relatives here were not certain whether he was sleeping in one of the cemeteries or, like thousands of others, had been buried somewhere with the unknown dead in a trench.

Lloyd Marks grew to manhood at Roaring Creek post office, Columbia county. Along with George W. Rost he enlisted in the 183th Regiment P. V., Third Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery and served nearly throughout the war.

Mr. Rost and family in their search visited the National cemetery at Hampton, Va. Without much effort they were successful in finding the grave and were furnished with complete records relating to his death, etc. His grave, which is near the center of that beautiful cemetery, is marked with a stone on which is engraved his full name, number, &c., all attesting to the remarkable care that since the close of the Rebellion the government has bestowed on the graves of its fallen heroes.

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office. tf

Sunbury and Danville Road Gets Under Pennsy.

Bids have been invited for the undergrade crossing of the Danville and Sunbury Transit Company where the latter is to pass under the track of the Pennsylvania railroad near the silk mill at Riverside. It is confidently stated that work will begin on the crossing in two weeks at the furthest and that in a short time the cars will run through Riverside borough.

The plans and specifications, as is customary in such cases, have been furnished by the Pennsylvania railroad company. These have been much delayed so that it is only on the approach of autumn that the Danville and Sunbury Transit Company has been permitted to begin work on the crossing, which was an improvement arranged for in early spring.

The plans call for concrete construcure, the crossing to take in a width of the railroad equal to three tracks. At that point the railroad embankment is five feet high. The trolley track is to lie at a depth of seventeen feet below the level of the railroad, which implies that an excavation of twelve feet below the general level will have to be made.

With this trouble satisfactorily adjusted the Danville company will be in a position to push forward towards Sunbury next spring.

Paper napkins and doilies at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

JERSEYS

Combination and Golden Lad

FOR SALE—2 Cows, 3 Heifers and 12 Bulls.

S. E. NIVIN, Landenburg, Pa.

5-23-1y*

MURDERER DEAD.

William Whittaker, the Mt. Carmel wife murderer, who was awaiting the death sentence in the county jail at Sunbury, escaped the gallows by dying in his cell last Tuesday week of acute indigestion. The details of his brutal crime are familiar to COLUMBIAN readers. Whittaker was married to a young lady of Mt. Carmel, but owing to his abuse she left him and returned to her parents. Whittaker coaxed her to come back to him and when she refused he took his razor and went to her parents' home. He called her into the parlor and when she again refused to live with him he cut her throat. At the trial an effort was made by Whittaker's attorneys to prove him insane, at the time of the crime, but the effort fell flat and the jury did not consider the insanity plea, agreeing in a few minutes on first degree murder. On Tuesday afternoon he was taken ill suffering from acute indigestion, but his condition was not considered serious. A doctor was called and his treatment gave relief. A half hour later he was found lying on his cot dead.

The Merry Opera of "The Toymakers."

That celebrated company of merry-makers, "The Jollities" will soon be the attraction at the Grand Opera House and it is predicted that no one in this town will miss "The Toy-makers" that new side-splitting, musical absurdity which was written by Charles Felton Pidgin the author of that famous book "Quincy Adams Sawyer" which was read and talked about as "the best New England story ever written." Mr. Pidgin has written both book and play and every one should read this amusing story if possible before seeing "The Toymakers." Years ago in Merry England "The Toymakers of Nurenberg" was adapted from the German and under the name of "Dolly" was sung by Mmme. Rudersdorf the gifted mother of Richard Mansfield, making a great success over there. Now Mr. Pidgin is Chief of the Massachusetts Bureau of Statistics, he is simply brimming over with fun and dry humor which he knows how to serve up to the public in a most satisfying manner.

The date of the production of "The Toymakers," is Thursday Nov. 21 and it will be given at the Opera House for one night only. The story tells of a wonderful doll invented by "John Stubbs Senior" and brought to life by electricity through many curious and comical adventures and puts the audience in great good humor. Twenty-six new musical lyrics make up this clever comic opera, full of melody which were written by Charles D. Blake and John A. Bennett. New costumes and beautiful scenery were designed especially for "The Jollities" who give a clean, unhackneyed evening's entertainment in this jolly opera "The Toymakers."

New Gate at Fair Grounds.

A change has been made at the Fair Grounds concerning the admission of those holding stand tickets and wearing horsemen badges.

A new gate has been made at the east end of the secretary's office where all those who have special privileges will be admitted during the fair.

This change will relieve the crush that often occurs at the main entrance gate and relieve the ticket takers there of much of the annoyance they have experienced in former years.

ATTENDED BANQUET.

Dr. Waller, Profs. F. H. Jenkins, W. B. Sutliff, D. S. Hartline, G. E. Wilbur and C. H. Albert attended the banquet of the Lackawanna County Alumni Association of the Bloomsburg Normal School, on Wednesday evening, and made brief addresses. The banquet was held at the Bicycle Club, Scranton.

STRIKE AVERTED.

On Monday night the operators of the Bell Telephone threatened to strike unless they were paid more wages. The girls were receiving $15 a month, and they demanded $20. Their request has been complied with and there will be no strike.

Marriage.

BOWMAN—SHELLHAMMER. On Sept. 25 at the Reformed parsonage in Orangeville, by Rev. A. Houtz, Mr. H. H. Bowman of Orange Township and Miss Beulah Shellhammer of Centre Township.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

DO IT NOW!

Do not put it off, but go to the CLARK STORE and select your new Fall Suit. Their styles are the very latest. The materials the latest, good qualities—but lowest prices.

That New Coat, a line double the size usually shown. As one customer remarked, "when will you sell them all," but then she bought as others have and will do. Prices and qualities always go together.

Children's Coats—a big line, come and see them, all styles.

Every Department of the CLARK STORE is now filled with the newest goods for the season. All Welcome.

THE CLARK STORE.

Alexander Brothers & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

JUPITER, KING OSCAR, WRITTEN GUARANTEE, COLUMBIAN, ETC.

Also F. F. Adams & Co's FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains

You Will Find a Nice Line at

W. H. BROWER'S

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A GREAT OFFER

For You Only

Read this announcement. It is your opportunity. If you don't read it you will miss your chance. The greatest magazines in this country have combined to be offered together at a greatly reduced rate. Never before was such an offer given to the public, and it is safe to say never will be made again. This year several magazines have increased their subscription price, which shows how much greater this offer really is. The only reason we are making it to the people of this vicinity is because the magazine finds they have not as many subscribers as they desire in this particular locality. But only a limited number will be sold at this price, therefore we advise every one to accept this offer without delay. When we have received a certain number we shall withdraw the offer.

Cosmopolitan per year $1.00
The Columbian per year $1.00
Total per year $2.00

Our Price $1.00

COSMOPOLITAN

No matter how many magazines you take, Cosmopolitan is the one you cannot afford to do without. One feature in each issue is always of such overwhelming importance and worldwide interest as to lead the magazine world for that month. "The best, no matter what it costs," seems to be the motto which has made Cosmopolitan resemble no other magazine but Cosmopolitan.

For 1907 the publishers of the Cosmopolitan announce contributions from such famous authors as G. Bernard Shaw, Jack London, W. W. Jacobs, Edwin Markham, Joseph Conrad, H. G. Wells, Anthony Hope, Alfred Henry Lewis, Booth Tarkington, David Graham Phillips, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, etc.,

Fill out coupon—mail today with your remittance—and be sure of getting the greatest magazine combination that was ever offered—an opportunity of years and one it is safe to say will never be made again.

CUT OFF ON THIS LINE.

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Date.....

Enclosed please find $1.50 for which enter my name for one year's subscription to your paper and the Cosmopolitan.

Name.....

Address.....

.....

Pennsylvania Day at Jamestown Exposition

REPLICA OF OLD INDEPENDENCE HALL TO BE ONE GRAND RECEPTION HALL ON OCT. 4.

Governor Stuart and Staff, State Commissioners and State Officials to Participate—The Programme in Detail—Pennsylvania's Fine History Exhibit—Keystone State Troops at Tercentennial—Barbara Frietchie's Bible and Other Interesting Relics.

PENNSYLVANIA DAY at the Jamestown exposition is Oct. 4, and one of the most interesting presentations of the season has been mapped. Pennsylvania's hospitality to visitors at the exposition is so extensive because that it is popular to visit one the visitors from every state, and every hour of the day finds its broad acres well filled with visiting multitudes, save in the states of the harsh and inclement government riers and the magnificent array of ate buildings along Yorkwaugh Boulevard. Everybody is at home in Independence Hall, for Independence Hall belongs to everybody, and Pennsylvania day will be more of a national affair than a mere state event.

PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING, REPLICA OF INDEPENDENCE HALL, AT JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION.

The Programme.

Governor Edwin S. Stuart and party, consisting, with ladies, of about 200, will arrive at Old Point Comfort on Thursday evening, Oct. 3, where they will remain quartered until Monday. The governor will be accompanied by his staff, the state commissioners and the principal state officials, including all chief justices of the supreme court of Pennsylvania and the judges of the superior court.

The following special exercises will be held in the Auditorium Oct. 4, beginning at 11:30 a. m., Governor Edwin S. Stuart, president of the Pennsylvania state commission, presiding. Music will be furnished by the Exposition band:

Music.
Address of welcome, Hon. Harry St. George Tucker, president of the Jamestown Tercentennial exposition.
Music.
Address of welcome, his excellency Governor Claude A. Swanson of Virginia.
Music.
Response, Lieutenant Governor Robert S. Murphy of Pennsylvania, orator of the day.
2:15 p. m., luncheon to the governor and official party by the exposition company.
4 to 5 p. m., reception by the Pennsylvania state commission to the governor of Pennsylvania at the Pennsylvania building. Admission by card only.

The Ninth regiment Pennsylvania national guard, 800 men, will serve as an escort to Governor Stuart. They will camp on the grounds and meet the governor upon his arrival at the government piers.

Independence Hall Reproduced.

Pennsylvania was among the largest of the contributors to the Jamestown exposition, appropriating $100,000 for participation, and it was decided that this should be expended rather in a historical exhibit than in an exhibit of her resources.

Her state building is accordingly a reproduction of Independence Hall, Philadelphia, reduced one-quarter and finished within in the main according to the old pattern. Some few changes were necessary upstairs to meet the exposition requirements, but the essential features, large apartments and halls and stairways, are exact copies. The building cost $30,000, and in it is such fine furniture of the old pattern. A clock and bell were placed in the belfry at a cost of $3,000. The bell weighs 1,500 pounds and is four feet at the spread of base. The clock strikes the hours and can be seen and heard in all parts of the exposition grounds.

Some fine old portraits are shown in the Pennsylvania building of historic scenes and personages. There is a large portrait of Washington, one of Gilbert Stuarts, a private loan, and several others from the statehouse in Harrisburg. The replica of the room in which the Declaration of Independence was signed has its walls covered with copies of portraits of all the signers. A picture in the central hall shows the interior of Betsy Ross' house, with Betsy and the flag commission examining the finished flag. The committee consisted of George Washington, Robert Morris and George Ross. Among the wall decorations are the flags of the various cities of the state.

Gettysburg Pictures.

There are also 150 Gettysburg monument pictures. The Pennsylvania commission, through its superintendent of grounds and buildings, H. B. Rowland of Philadelphia, has given much care to the grounds around the building. The grounds are 200 by 260 feet. The state holds the option on the land, as other state commissions do.

A pleasant feature for Pennsylvania visitors is that they find all of the newspapers of the state contributed by the publishers. In connection with the construction of the building Superintendent Rowland calls attention to the fact that white pine is used, as in the original structure.

The Pennsylvania building is brilliantly illuminated. Two clusters of lights surmount the front terrace, while from the posts and brackets there are additional clusters of lights in abundance. All the lines of the buildings and tower are illuminated by rows of lights.

The members of the Pennsylvania commission are Governor Edwin S. Stuart, chairman; E. S. Stoutsburg, treasurer; Robert S. Murphy, William C. Sproul, Henry F. Walton, John M. Scott, J. Henry Cochran, Samuel P. White, Frank B. McClain, William Wayne, H. I. Riley, Frank W. Jackson, L. O. McLane, W. S. Harvey, George T. Oliver, James Pollock, John F. Lewis, A. S. Roberts, Paul H. Gaither, T. P. Patton, C. C. Frick, E. M. Thomas, John S. Arnot, chairman of the executive committee; H. F. Walton, executive officer, and James H. Lambert, secretary, the private secretary to the governor.

Pennsylvania History Exhibit.

The Pennsylvania state history exhibit is located in the fireproof History building and is under the direction of Dr. Albert Cook Myers, an eminent writer of American history, of Moylan, Philadelphia, and Professor M. D. Learned, head of the department of German at the University of Pennsylvania, commissioned to prepare and install the exhibit. They have by reason of their wide knowledge of the subject and material with which they had to deal succeeded in collecting possibly the best exhibit of the kind the state has ever made.

A series of large wall maps, five in number, show the historical development of Pennsylvania. They are attractively arranged on the walls, interspersing the large number of portraits of the distinguished makers of the state's history.

The first of these maps illustrates the Pennsylvania of 1860, the second Pennsylvania of 1690, the third Pennsylvania in 1715, the fourth Pennsylvania in 1735. The fifth is a map of Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia for 1735.

The most extensive part of the exhibit is a loan collection of objects illustrative of Pennsylvania history arranged according to the state's historical development.

One corner of the space represents the early period—the Swedish development. As an evidence of the pains taken in collecting the Pennsylvania exhibit it may be stated that a trained university man was sent to Sweden, where he spent some time securing photographs of documents in the official files of that country relating to the settlement of Sweden on the Delaware.

Relics of Quakers.

Much space is given over to the history of the Quakers, who were among the earliest settlers in Pennsylvania. There is a photograph of the Caleb Pusey house, built in 1683, which stands to this day and is the oldest house in Pennsylvania. In this house William Penn was entertained.

The Quaker case contains old silhouettes. An odd engraving, made by Hemskirck, of a Quaker meeting in London about 1680 hangs on the corner post. There are two valuable engravings made from paintings by Benjamin West and his family, one in 1779; the other of Penn's treaty with the Indians, 1681. Of this early artist's work two originals are shown, his first painted portraits. They are portraits of children, made about 1750, when West was only seventeen years of age, prior to his election to the presidency of the Royal academy.

Along the side wall is a showcase containing many ancient documents relating to the history of old Chester county, and above it hangs a portrait of the Quaker philanthropist, Lucretia Mott, painted by William Furness, brother of the great Shakespearean scholar, Horace Howard Furness.

Along the top of the rear wall is a long row of oil portraits of the governors and other early officials of the state.

In the center of the rear wall is a handsome painting of William Penn in armor at the age of twenty-two. There is also a glass case, known as the Penn case, which contains many parchments deeds and other manuscripts signed by Penn and his sons.

Pennsylvania's Germans.

Very naturally one entire corner of the Pennsylvania space is given over to German history. One case is devoted to the Ephrata Cloister, that peculiar religious sect established in Lancaster county about 1740. Many odd exhibits may be seen in this case, among them an old wooden communion service and wooden pillow upon which these ascetics rested the head while sleeping. This strange people had a well equipped printing establishment in operation, and a rare copy of the "Martyr Book" printed there in 1748 is shown. Copies of this book are particularly rare for the reason that during the Revolutionary war they were confiscated by the Continental forces and the paper used for gun wads. Many photographs of the old buildings and grounds where these people lived and worshiped according to their peculiar ideas are shown.

A case contains documents and relics from the German counties, among which are some samples of glassware manufactured by Baron Stiegel in 1760 and some ancient tiles from his house at Manheim, Pa. A thing which attracts the attention of every visitor is a model of the first telephone, made by Daniel Drawbaugh.

A copy of Barbara Frietchie's Bible, dated 1771, and a photograph of her baptismal record, 1767, are of interest to the admirers of this good woman.

There is a collective exhibit which covers well the history of another of Pennsylvania's numerous religious sects—the Moravians. This was a very intelligent sect of Germans, of which the Count and Countess Zinzendorf were the founders.

They made two settlements in the state in 1742, one of which was called Bethlehem and the other Nazareth. On the walls are photo engravings and oil portraits of the leading elders, all of the paintings being from the brush of Haidt and made prior to 1760.

The Moravians.

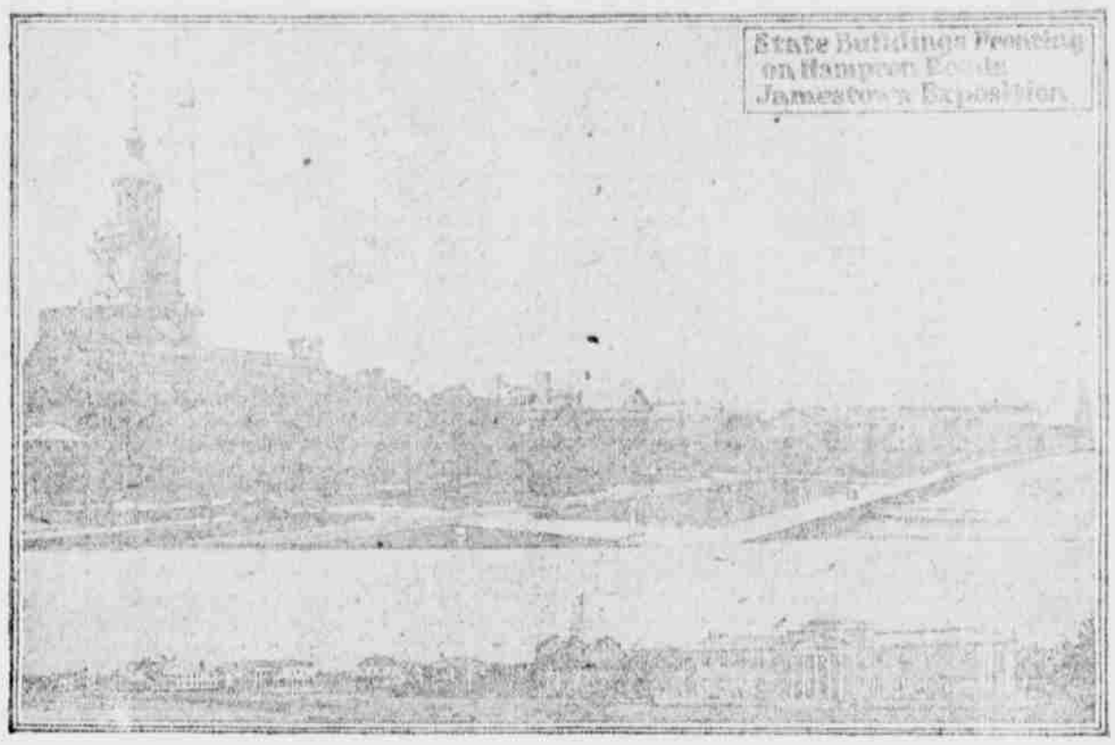
Two cases are given over to the history of the Moravians, and the exhibit includes some excellent maps of the towns and a unique collection of manuscripts and letters. In this collection are an original manuscript diary by Conrad Weiser, the famous Indian interpreter, and a letter from George Washington to the Moravians; also many of David Zeisberger's manuscripts.

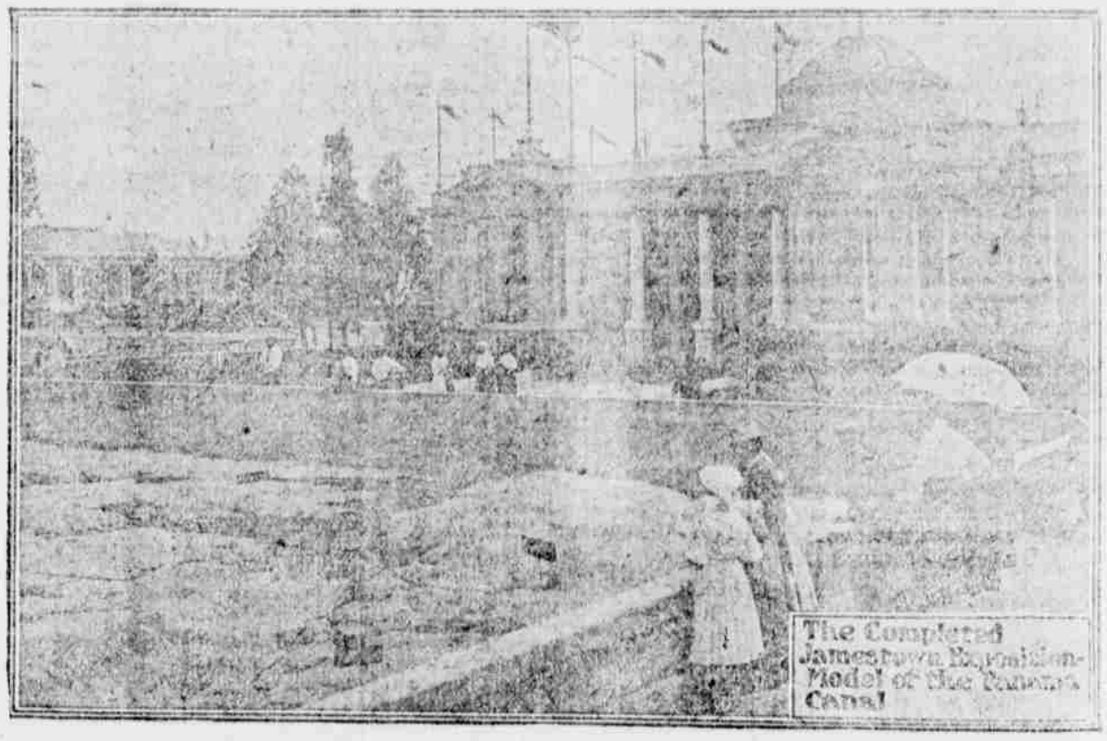
There are two novelties in the way of musical instruments, one of them a harpsichord, made by the Moravians at Bethlehem prior to the Revolution, the strings of which will still give out a faint sound when the keys are touched. The other is a violin carved by Johann Antes back in the seventeen-fifties. A photo facsimile of the first protest made in America against slavery may be seen hanging from one of the columns.

There is a most interesting collection of early Pennsylvania German imprints. In this case is an original copy of the first Bible printed in a European language on the American continent. The work was done by Christopher Sauer at Germantown in 1743.

In a case relating to early Germantown history are a boy's suit over 150 years old and some photographs of men and houses famous in the history of the town.

In the center of the Pennsylvania





GROWTH OF COMMERCE.

Unique Exhibit by State of Pennsylvania at Jamestown Exposition.

Fleeting centuries are no less a day in the all absorbing corner of the Education building at the Jamestown exposition, wherein is displayed the magnificent exhibit of the Commercial museum of Philadelphia, under the auspices of the Pennsylvania state commission. There one may by imagination barter with the Phoenicians of 500 years before Christ in the commercial exchange of pearls, gold dust, tin, alabaster, malachite, figs, dates, almonds, fine linen, myrrh, sandalwood, dragon's blood, olive and palm oil and skins, examples of each of these and many other articles of Phoenician commerce being on exhibition in this section, the slaves being represented by miniature figures, and it is noticeable that their color was not always black.

Thus the centuries of the passing centuries passes in review, and as the limited articles of trade of the Phoenicians are added in the early centuries of the Christian era such things as hog bristles, cork, lemons and cranberries, rice, beads, etc. There the lines appear as the bright and shining ones in the commercial world, the Phoenicians and Egyptians having given way to the sway of the Caesars. With the Romans came such articles of commerce as salt, wrought iron, horse skin, ivory, camels' hair, sulphur, pongee silk, silver, oak grain, leather, figs, spikenard and dates.

The exhibit of articles representing the trade of nations, interesting in the extreme though it is, would not be complete without the accompanying exhibit, showing by photographic representation and model the various methods or means of transportation of commerce past and present. Upon the walls of the section allotted to the exhibit are hung representations of the handcarts of Japan, the Indian ponies of Asia Minor, the yak wagons of Tibet, the ox carts of India, the dromedaries of Siam, the camels of Egypt, the dogs and reindeer of Alaska and Siberia, the llamas of the Andes, elephants of Calcutta and scores of other equally interesting and unique representations of commercial ways and means. Then there are reproductions of fast flying freight trains of different nations and models of water craft used in commerce from ancient to modern times.

These models are in themselves worthy of hours of study. There are Venetian galleys, Arabian dhows, the drakers of the Norsemen, Egyptian punts, Carthaginian galleys, Malay proas, Bolivian balsas, Japanese junks, Phoenician galleys, Babylonian sea horses, Egyptian triremes, Spanish galleons and caravels, Italian nef, Dutch galleots, Polynesian sea camels, New Caledonia prahu and American clippers. The exhibit is one of comparison and contrast, a grand lesson in the study of commerce and commercial relations, the whole giving a vivid impression of the mutual interdependence of nations of the present day.

THE U. OF P. EXHIBIT.

Pennsylvania's Great College Well Represented at Jamestown.

Guarded by two bronze wrestlers and artistically decorated with the college colors, the exhibit of the University of Pennsylvania in the Education building at the Jamestown exposition is one of the most complete in the division.

The exhibit occupies one entire corner of the building. Along one side are heavy bookcases containing specimen volumes from the university library.

On top of the cases are numerous busts and bronze figures, many of priceless value, while on the wall above is a very fine collection of maps, charts and pictures illustrative of the work of the institution.

High up on the wall on a little shelf is a massive bust of Benjamin Franklin, founder of the university. On one of the bookcases there are two bronze figures modeled after statues found in the ruins of Herculaneum, which was destroyed by Vesuvius.

What has proved of great interest is a model of the first college buildings, plain and crude, constructed in the early days of the institution. In contrast with these buildings are shown pictures of the magnificent equipment of the present day, which is equal to that of any like university in the country.

DIAZ WELCOMES ROOT

President of Mexico Gives Cordial Greeting to Secretary.

CHEERED IN STREETS

Many Demonstrations of Popular Enthusiasm Attend Reception of Visitor To Capital—Both President Diaz As Well As Senator Root Make Short Speeches.

Mexico City, via Galveston, Texas, Oct. 3.—Elihu Root, Secretary of State of the United States, was received by President Diaz in the Hall of Ambassadors in the National Palace in the presence of all the members of the Mexican Cabinet.

The American Cabinet officer was presented to the President of Mexico by Ignacio Mariscal, the Foreign Minister, and the meeting between the two statesmen was most cordial. Mr. Root said he was delighted to

SECRETARY ELIHU ROOT.

meet the man who had made Mexico one of the foremost of Latin-American countries, and he hoped for a continuance of the good results arising today from the cordial relations between the United States and Mexico.

The expressions of the American officer were received with cordial approval by President Diaz, who replied that Mr. Root's zealous work for a better understanding between the United States and Latin America was well known and duly appreciated, and he welcomed the Secretary in the name of the Mexican nation. Mr. Root was then presented individually to each member of the Cabinet, who all spoke words of greeting and good will.

Mr. Root was accompanied from Chapultepec to the national palace by David E. Thompson, the American Ambassador to Mexico. The trip was made in an automobile and the party was received with cheers by crowds gathered in the streets along the route.

Ferryboat Ran Wild.

New York, Oct. 3.—The ferryboat Rochester of the West Shore Line, plying between the foot of Desbrosses street, Manhattan, and the West Shore station at Weehawken, sailed from the Weehawken moorings without its captain.

After wavering a zigzag course across the river the ferryboat crashed at full speed broadside into an empty New York Central barge moored in a slip at West Thirty-sixth street. Ulysses Boinini of 1397 Myrtle avenue Brooklyn, one of thirty-odd passengers on the boat at the time, was caught under the weight of the barge as it was lifted over the forward apron of the ferryboat and was seriously hurt.

President In Iowa.

Keokuk, Iowa, Oct. 3.—Declaring that his programme for the prosecution of large moneyed interests was only a contributory cause and not mainly responsible for any business depression in the country, but that in any event he would not retreat from the campaign he had begun, President Roosevelt addressed an immense throng here at the beginning of his Mississinni River trip. One sentence especially caught the crowd. It was—

"If righteousness conflicts with the fancied needs of business then the latter must go to the wall."

Airship Flies Seven Hours.

Friedrichshafen, Germany, Oct. 2.—Count Zeppelin made a most successful flight in his airship. He was aloft for seven hours in all. The machine responded with splendid results to the will of the pilot.

It came down on its voyage to take on board a representative of the Ministry of War.

Conference of War Ministers.

Tokio, Japan, Oct. 1.—Secretary Taft and Viscount Terauchi, Minister of war, passed two hours informally discussing relations between the United States and Japan.

It is possible their conference will bear fruit in formal negotiations between the two governments. The two War Ministers are close friends.

Words of Praise

For the several ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed, as given by leaders in all the several schools of medicine, should have far more weight than any amount of non-professional testimonials. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has THE RAISON OF HONESTY on every bottle-wrapper, in a full list of all its ingredients printed in plain English.

If you are an invalid woman and suffer from frequent headache, backache, gnawing distress in stomach, periodical pains, disagreeable, catarrhal, pelvic drain, dragging-down distress in lower abdomen or pelvis, perhaps dark spots or specks dancing before the eyes, faint spells and kindred symptoms caused by female weakness, or other derangement of the feminine organs, you can not do better than take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

The hospital, surgeon's knife and operating table may be avoided by the timely use of "Favorite Prescription" in such cases. Thereby the obnoxious examinations and local treatments of the family physician can be avoided and a thorough course of successful treatment carried out in the privacy of his home. "Favorite Prescription" is composed of the very best native medicinal roots known to medical science for the cure of woman's peculiar ailments, contains no alcohol and no harmful or habit-forming drugs.

Do not expect too much from "Favorite Prescription;" it will not perform miracles; it will not disolve or cure tumors. No medicine will. It will do as much to establish vigorous health in most weaknesses and ailments peculiarly incident to women as any medicine can. It must be given a fair chance by perseverance in its use for a reasonable length of time.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this remedy of known composition.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence is guarded as sacredly secret and womanly confidences are protected by professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best laxative and regulator of the bowels. They invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. One a laxative; two or three a cathartic. Easy to take as candy.

THE DISCOVERY OF QUININE.

One of the Most Useful Medicines, It is Much Abused by Many.

It is to be assumed that every one in the civilized world has taken a dose of quinine at some time or other. It is the universal drug. Its value is unappreciated by the general, who use it only for colds and fevers. As a tonic it is unsurpassed. As an alterative it has no equal in the materia medica. A distinguished surgeon said: "If I wanted to ferment a barrel of cabbage in less time than any one else could I would put in it an eighth of an ounce of quinine. A little quinine in the disordered stomach acts just about as it would in the cabbage. It hastens the assimilation of the food and restores the normal conditions."

The habitual user of quinine, however, becomes a slave to the drug and thus derives little benefit from it. Men with malaria eat it by the ounce and still retain the malaria. The world is full of quinine fiends, who pour a spoonful into the palm of one hand and lick it down without a grimace. They are known to chew cinchona bark as if it were gum. Others, not habituated, must take two grains or ten in a gelatine capsule. Before capsules were invented it was taken in molasses, and the chances are that the molasses effected the cure. Too much quinine is almost as bad as too much calomel.

The world is indebted to Louis XIV for the general introduction of quinine. In France and Italy physicians who prescribed its use were prosecuted. Protestants altogether repudiated it. Robert Talbot, an Englishman, cured the dauphin with it, and Louis le Grand was induced to buy the secret. He was the only king that ever embarked in the drug business.

There are several pretty romances connected with the discovery of "kina," as the native Indians of Peru called the cinchona trees from which quinine is derived. The drug has had a lot of names—quinine, cinchona, countess' powder, Jesuit's bark, Cardinal de Lugo's powder, Peruvian bark, China bark, quina, quiquina, cinchona bark, etc., and the pronunciation of the word "quinine" appears to be a matter of geography—kwi-nine, kwe-neen, kin-nine, keen-neen, or kin-neen—take your choice.

The discovery of cinchona bark is enveloped in mystery. The wife of the Spanish Viceroy in Peru was Countess Chinchon. She was cured of an intermittent fever by drinking an infusion of the bark, introduced it in Madrid and bestowed her name upon it—Chinchona. We have corrupted this into cinchona. That's one story. Jesuit missionaries, who were accustomed to taste the bark of every tree they hewed down, discovered the precious febrifuge. A third is that certain animals while in fever happened to gnow the bark of the cinchona tree and were cured. A fourth is that some persons suffering with fever drank copiously of a pool of water in which some fallen cinchona trees had long been soaking, charging the water with the medicinal principle. Their speedy cure led to an investigation which discovered quinine.

A strange fact in this connection is that quinine is not used as medicine in the practice of the native physicians of Peru, Ecuador or Colombia. The Indians did not even know of its existence until enlightened by the Spaniards about 250 years ago.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Windows of Celluloid.

One of the many uses to which celluloid is put is in supplying window lights for the curtains of automobile tops. Celluloid is made in sheets of extreme thinness, down to a thickness of only five one-thousandths of an inch, and such sheets of celluloid can be rolled up as readily and closely as sheets of paper. From sheets of transparent celluloid pieces are cut of the sizes required for the windows and when these have been set in place they can be rolled up with the curtain, like any other part of it.

While the window of celluloid can thus be readily rolled up it is liable to be dented or crumpled, as a roll of paper would be, if crushed, and so celluloid is not a perfect material for this use, but it appears to be the best that has yet been found.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE of valuable REAL ESTATE

The undersigned Administrator of the estate of Margaret M. Smith, late of the Township of Greenwood, Columbia County and State of Pennsylvania, will expose to public sale upon the premises on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1907.

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the said day in the village of Light Street, the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain house and lot of land situate in the village of Light Street in the County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post on the road leading from Bloomsburg to Orangeville and an alley and lot of Jacob Eckert, thence along said alley and lot South eighty-six degrees West one hundred and forty feet to an alley and lands of Peter Shug, thence along said alley South thirteen degrees East sixty feet to a post and corner of a lot belonging to said Peter Shug, thence along said lot North eighty-six degrees East one hundred and forty feet to a post and road leading from Bloomsburg to Orangeville thence along said road North thirteen degrees West to the place of beginning, containing thirty and five-tenth perches be the same more or less, on which is erected

A DWELLING HOUSE.

Being the same property conveyed to Elmira Marr by Henry Faus and wife by deed dated the 24th day of March, A. D. 1873, and from the heirs of the said Elmira the said house and lot was conveyed to Margaret M. Smith, by deed dated July 7, 1901, and recorded in Deed Book No. 72, page 110.

Also AT TWO O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON of the same day in the village of Rohrsburg, said County the following described house and lot

All that certain lot of land situate in the village of Rohrsburg being part of lot No. 7 as marked on plot or draft of said village, Greenwood Township, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, being six rods in front and seven rods back with an allowance of four feet on the South line designed for an alley, and fronting Market street on the East; bounded on the North by lot No. 1, formerly owned by E. G. Ricketts; on the West by land formerly owned by Frederick Rohr, and on the South by lot No. 3 formerly owned by Isaac Evans, containing 42 rods and four feet allowance, more or less. Being the same lot of land which H. R. Albertson and his wife by deed dated April 7th, A. D. 1897 conveyed to the said Margaret M. Smith, and recorded in the office for the recording of deeds for Columbia County in Deed Book No. 63, page 144, on which are erected

A DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE, AND SHOP.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of the sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation ni si.

WESLEY MORRIS,
Administrator.

Andrew L. Fritz,
Attorney. 9-12-4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Alias Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, County and State aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1907

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate in the Borough of Catawissa, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Bounded on the North by an alley a distance of eighty feet, on the East by land of O. D. L. Kostenbauder a distance of one hundred and fifty feet, on the South by Mill Street a distance of eighty feet, and on the West by lots of Claudia Guie and Enolia Guie a distance of hundred and fifty feet.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of The Borough of Catawissa, H. C. Thomas, Collector vs. William H. Rhawn, and Columbia County vs. William H. Rhawn, and to be sold as the property of William H. Rhawn.

CHARLES B. ENT,
Sheriff.

L. C. Mensch, Attorney.
9-26 and 10-3-10-17-1907

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned auditor having been appointed by the Court to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Frank Ikeler and Harvey I. Gingles, Executors of the estate of William Gingles, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased, as shown by their third and partial account, will sit at the law offices of Fred T. Ikeler, Esq., in the Town of Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, October 22nd, 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment, and all those having claims are requested to present same or be forever debarred from coming in upon said estate.

9-19-5t C. A. SMALL, Auditor.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

BALTIMORE OLD HOME WEEK.

Maryland is sending invitations to her sons and daughters scattered everywhere to come to a grand reunion, and is making extensive preparations to give them when they come, a week of right royal entertainment.

New Baltimore, sprung Phoenix-like from the ashes of the fire of 1904, will make of Old Home Week, October 13 to 19, one continual round of patriotic and civic display.

There will be an electrical pageant, a magnificent military and naval display, a gathering of patriotic societies, a parade and ball by the fraternal orders, a big concert, and a night carnival.

There will be also a special pilgrimage to Annapolis on "Peggy Stewart Day," Saturday, October 19, when visitors will have an opportunity to inspect the magnificent new buildings of the United States Naval Academy and the remodeled State House, so full of historic associations.

The Homecomers will have the advantage of specially low railroad rates. The Pennsylvania Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Baltimore, October 12 to 14, good for return passage until October 21, inclusive, from all stations on its lines north and east of Shrewsbury, Principio, and Port Deposit, at a considerable reduction from the regular fare.

Every former Marylander, whose address is known will receive a special invitation, issued by Governor Warfield, and the whole week will thrill with the hospitality for which the Old Line State is so famous.

For exact rates, conditions of tickets, and train service, consult nearest Ticket Agents.

10-3-10-2t.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS
TO
NIAGARA FALLS

October 9, 1907.

ROUND-TRIP RATE **$6.90** FROM EAST BLOOMSBURG

Tickets good going on train leaving 11.47 a. m., connecting with SPECIAL TRAIN of Pullman Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Day Coaches running via the

PICTURESQUE SUSQUEHANNA VALLEY ROUTE

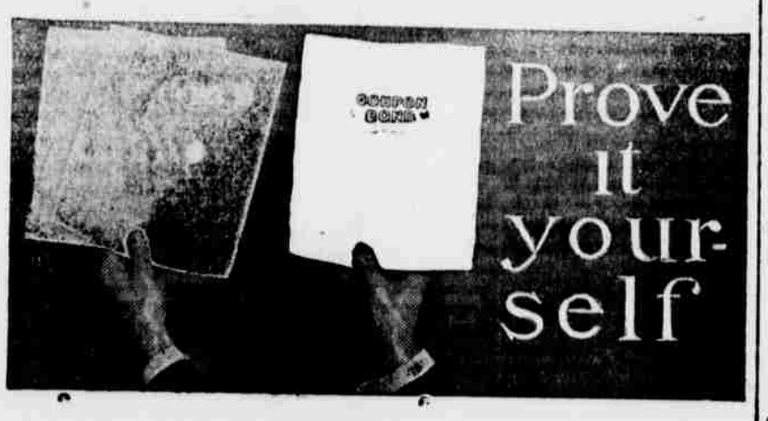
Tickets good returning on regular trains within TEN DAYS. Stop-off within limit allowed at Buffalo returning.

Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

10-3

The Proof is in the Comparison.



Particular people whose pride of name and pride in product goes into their stationery have preferred Coupon Bond irrespective of price for over fifteen years.

Not the cheapening hurry of today but the old slow careful methods that make for fineness and permanence are still used in making **COUPON BOND** Its beautiful color and texture, its remarkable toughness and erasing qualities make it not only a distinctive paper—but the de luxe and incomparable paper for all business correspondence. Write your letters so that they will compel a reading—write them on

COUPON BOND

to strengthen their appeal and to reflect the high standing of your house. **COUPON BOND** costs no more than other good bond papers—but no other bond paper will serve you as well.

American Writing Paper Co.,

Largest Manufacturers of the Commercial Paper in the World. 29 Mills. **Holyoke, Mass.**

COUPON BOND

is handled by the

Columbian Printing House, Bloomsburg

Where Samples can be seen.

Professional Cards.

H. A. McKILLIP
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building 2nd Floor
Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Ent Building, Court House Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wirt's Building.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Corner of 3rd and Main Sts.
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Orangeville Wednesday each week

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND
EAL ESTATE AGENT
Office in Townsend's Building
Bloomsburg, Pa,

N. U. FUNK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Ent's Building, Court House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SADE T. VANNATTA
(Successor to C. F. Knapp)
GENERAL INSURACE
Office 238 Iron St., Bloomsburg,
Oct. 31, 1901. tf

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
INSURANCE and REALESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corne Main and Centre Sts.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies there are in the World and all loses promptly adjusted and paid at their office.

DR. W. H. HOUSE
SURGEON DENTIST
Office Barton's Building, Main below Mar
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All styles of work done in a superior manner
All work warranted as represented
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted
Open all hours during the day

DR. M. J. HESS
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES
Crown and bridge work a specialty
Corner Main and Centre streets
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours 10 to 8 Telephone

J. S. JOHN M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicoat building, Locust avenue.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office :—Ent building, 11-16-99

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' uilding over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg.
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, ba rooms hot and cold water and all modern conveniences.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street
Large and convenient sample rooms, rooms, hot and cold water, and modern c veniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPH
EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURG
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th S
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 5.30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
Fire Insurance Agent.
Represents twelve of the strongest co panies in the world, among which are
Franklin of Phila. Penn'a., Ph
Queen, of N. Y. Westchester, N
North e ica, Phila.
Office: Clark Building, 2nd Flo

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER, 3, 1907.

OPEN SEASON FOR GAME.

The hunting season opened Tuesday, October 1st, and a large number of our townsmen inclined toward sport started out in quest of pheasants, woodcock, squirrels and other game that may be shot at this time.

The game laws of the State are constantly being modified. The last legislature, like the one preceding, made some important changes. The following table relating to animals, game birds in Pennsylvania, the season in which each kind may be killed, the number, etc., conforms with the law as it now stands and should prove of a great deal of interest:

Grouse (ruffled), commonly called pheasants, October 1st to December 1st, five in one day, twenty in one week and fifty in one season.

Woodcock, October 1st to December 1st, ten in one day, twenty in one week and fifty in one season.

Fox, black or grey squirrel, October 1st to December 1st, six of combined kinds in one day.

English, Mongolian or Chinese pheasant, October 15th, to December 1st, five in one day, twenty in one week and fifty in one season.

Quail, commonly called Virginia partridge, November only, ten in one day, forty in one week and seventy-five in one season.

Wild turkey, October 15th to December 1st, one in a day, four in one season.

Hare or rabbit, October 15th to December 1st, number unlimited.

Deer, male with horns, only, November 15th to December 1st, one each season.

Bear, October 1st to March 1st, unlimited.

Lizzard Swallowing a Fake.

Says an exchange:

One by one the fables of our youth are shattered. All of us remember that grewsome story about the women or the little boy, or little girl, (it was never a man) who was out berrying, became very warm and thirsty, knelt down and drank from a brook or spring. How the person swallowed a lizzard, and the lizzard lived for ages and ages in that person's stomach, causing them the most intense agony. Eventually some old doctor, generally an uncouth, unlearned old man, who used to doctor horses, would put that person on a diet of pure salt for a week or ten days. Then, he would have them bend over, open their mouth wide, and the old doctor would hold a basin of water under the open mouth. That lizzard would leap eagerly from the open mouth to the basin of water, and the cure (and the story) was complete. Now comes Dr. Surface of Harrisburg, who says that it is utterly impossible for a human being to swallow a lizzard in that manner, and utterly impossible for the lizzard to live any length of time if it was swallowed. He has on several occasions had lizzards sent to him by local doctors, which are alleged to have been swallowed, and an analysis of the stomach of the lizzard would show, instead of sauerkraut and frankfrutters, bugs and water flies, and always a confession has followed from the patient that she was shamming to obtain sympathy. Dr. Surface will pay a great deal of money for a lizzard, or any other reptile that has been swallowed by a human being, and expelled either alive or dead, after any lapse of time. If you could possibly swallow a lizzard, or a snake, or a crocodile, it would be digested and disposed of, just as any other food is taken care of by the human system.

Begining with September 1st all restrictions were removed from the manufacture of alcohol on the farm. Any farmer can set up a still and turn out the alcoholic product, which, denatured will not be interfered with by the government officials. Lest there may be a failure on the part of some temperance advocates to understand this new departure, let it be said that the government will not permit the distillation of pure alcohol designed for use in alcoholic beverages except under the usual restrictions and under heavy tax. Only the denatured article for commercial purposes can be made, and the sole object is to secure a cheap fuel, which should become a valuable adjunct of many a farm. But the benefits will not accrue at once. Only with experience and experiments can the possibilities be arrived at.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kidneys

When they are weak, torpid, or stagnant, the whole system suffers. Don't neglect them at this time, but heed the warning of the aching back, the bloated face, the sallow complexion, the urinary disorder, and begin treatment at once with

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which contains the best and safest curative substances.

In usual liquid form or in chocolated tablets known as **Sarsatabs.** 100 doses $1.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR MEETING.

The local union of Christian Endeavor is holding two meetings today. A missionary conference is being held this afternoon conducted by Rev. H. E. Harman, Bi-county Superintendent of Missions. In the evening Rev. R. G. Bannon D. D. of Williamsport will give a report of the International C. E. Convention at Seattle. Rev. E. B. Bailey will conduct the singing. The meetings are held in the Presbyterian Church.

Have You an Hour to Spend Each Day?

If so, write to the Circulation Department of *The Philadelphia Press*, Philadelphia, telling in what paper you read this offer. You will receive a handsome book of advice that will tell you how to make more money for a little work you can perform easier than anything you ever tried before in your life. You can verify this statement for the price of a postal card—DO IT NOW.

Improvements at Jail.

At a meeting of the County Commissioners held at the Court House yesterday it was decided to put new spouting on the jail. The work is to be awarded to the lowest bidder. It was also decided to employ V. B. Moyer to repair the roof of the Court House, repair the slate where it is needed and paint all the tin work on the Court House, and put the same in a first class condition. For this work he is to be paid $30.

Dangers in New York.

New York, Sept. 27.—Through the Public Service Commission the full extent of the danger to life and limb from the traction operations in this city became known. The traction companies, steam, electric, and horse, surface, Subway, and elevated, kill or seriously injure every month about 200 persons.

The time covered was from Aug. 5 when the board's order became effective, until Aug. 31, twenty-six days, the number of accidents reported in Greater New York reach the enormous total of 5,500.

$100,000 Opera Box.

New York, Oct. 3.—For the first time in nearly five years a box in the famous "diamond horseshoe" in the Metropolitan Opera House has changed owners. For a price in excess of $100,000 Mr. Henry Clay Frick, millionaire iron master and long time friend and associate of Mr. Andrew Carnegie, has purchased a coveted place in the parterre row, box No. 19, which, since the opera house was built, had been owned by the late Henry I. Barbey, who died last winter.

Hollow Glass Bricks.

The demand for hollow bricks and building blocks for house construction has induced glass manufacturers to put hollow glass bricks on the market, and they promise to be used extensively for novel and artistic effects. The first glass bricks, being solid, proved a failure on account of their cost, but the hollow glass bricks can be made at much less expense. They are lighter and stronger than clay bricks and are such excellent non-conductors that walls built of them are proof against dampness, sound, heat and cold.

The bricks are sealed hermetically when hot and are placed in walls with a colorless mortar made of special glass. The bonding strength of the glass mortar is almost as great as the bricks themselves.

G. A. R. COMMANDER

Jas. S. Dean, Gen. Grant Post, Rondout, N. Y.

CURED OF DYSPEPSIA

Commander Dean writes: "As Chief U. S. Mail Agent of the U. & D. R. R., good health is indispensable. I found myself, however all run down with Dyspepsia. I doctored and doctored, but I grew worse. I suffered misery night and day, for fully two years. My case was pronounced incurable. I chanced to meet Dr. David Kennedy about that time, and told him of my condition and he said, try a bottle of

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

take it morning, noon and night, and it will cure you. I took the medicine as directed, but had no confidence in a cure, as my case had been tried by so many. After using it a week I began to feel better, and in a short while after that I was entirely cured. That terrible distress, everything I ate breaking up sour in my throat, had all gone and I have not had a moment's discomfort since. To-day there isn't a healthier man and my appetite is excellent."

Write to Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, the great Kidney, Liver and Blood medicine, and free medical booklet. Large bottles $1.00. All druggists.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

President Roosevelt's renomination was demanded by the Governors of four Western States interviewed at Keogug, Iowa.

Havana's courts indicted seven men for conspiring for a revolt in Cuba.

With an aim to obtain better harmony of State and federal courts, a memorial to Congress was authorized by the Attorneys General in convention at St. Louis.

Mr. Moffett, president of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, told the special Grand Jury of rebating charges he made in a pamphlet

The Bishop of London admitted that he and Assistant Attorney General Cooley defeated the President and Secretary Garfield in a tennis game at the White House last week.

There came to light the story of a well born Englishman, who, desperate in this city, demanded $50,000 from his wife on threat of death for himself and his two sons.

Mrs. Aurel Batonyi, who was formerly Mrs. Burke-Roche, filed suit for divorce, and the papers were served on Mr. Batonyi.

Frank E Xavier, a Yonkers editor, testified in District Attorney Jerome's suit against him for alleged libel.

Acting on the petition of its officers, Judge Lacombe extended the receivership of the New York City Railway to include the Metropolitan Street Railway Company.

Nellie Quinn, a nurse in the City Hospital, was slain in a room on the upper east side, and the police accused a plumber employed by the city of the crime.

Grief over accidentaly killing his pet dog was responsible for the suicide of Albert Schauer, a well-to-do boss cabinet maker living at No. 58 Sutton street, Williamsburg.

A gust of wind swept Carl Jensen an ironworker, from the Blackwell Island bridge, which he is helping to build, but he grabbed a girder and saved himself.

Governor Magoon was told that Spaniards in Cuba were anxious for the right to become citizens of the United States.

An attorney for Mr. Moffett, head of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, asserted that he would prove his statement that other concerns were just as guilty of rebating as the Standard.

It was announced that the Democratic New York State Committee refused to make nominations for the Court of Appeals judgeships.

Names of contributors to District Attorney Jerome's campaign fund were told in his libel suit against a Yonkers editor, in which he testified.

Discussion of the question of selling the Philippines was continued in many interviews from many parts of the country.

Bishop Ingram, of London, laid the cornerstone of the new Episcopal Cathedral in Washington and the President delivered an address.

Although menaced by four dangers—conspiracy, strike, yellow fever and bandit uprisings—a Havana paper said the Cuban situation was not serious.

Miss Gertrude Beeks, who examined conditions among Panama Canal employes for Secretary Taft, reported many changes necessary for the welfare and comfort of the workers.

Dr. Rowland and wife will, it was announced, be placed on trial at Raleigh, N. C., to-day on a charge of having poisoned and murdered Charles R. Strange, first husband of Mrs. Rowland.

Arrangements were completed for the dedication to-day of the McKinley monument at Canton.

Rioters tried to break up a meeting of the Federation of Italian Societies in Cooper Union, New York.

Senator Thomas C. Platt said that Governor Hughes is a "master politician" building up a machine and may gain the Presidency.

Messrs. William Rockefeller and John D. Archibold were accepted in Chicago as sureties on the two bonds of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, aggregating $6,000,000.

Attorney General Jackson was requested by the State Controller to bring suit against the Mercantile Trust Company, of New York, for allowing an executor of the Russel Sage estate to have access to the Sage strong box without the presence of State officials.

Mr. Edgar T. Brackett, as counsel for the Saratoga Gas Company, attacked the constitutionality of the Public Utilities law in a suit pending before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court.

Publishers in discussing the war on the paper manufacturers for the advance in news paper asked the removal of the tariff on wood pulp.

Havana cables reported that yellow fever had reached that city.

Heavy frosts, with snow flurries in places, doing much damage to crops, were reported from the North and Middle West.

FOREIGN NEWS.

According to a special despatch from St. Petersburg the Anglo-Russian agreement continues to be the chief subject of comment in the press of the capital.

Russia's naval chief of staff denies reports of a munity at Sebastopol, but says that in view of the attempt it has been deemed prudent for the squadron to begin a practice cruise.

Abd-el-Aziz Sultan of Morocco warmly received the French Consul at Rabat.

By administrative decree France orders the separation of Church and State in Algeria from January 1, 1908.

Delegates at The Hague discussed sending to President Roosevelt an appreciation of his efforts in behalf of the second Peace Conference.

Boxers destroyed a Catholic mission and the China Inland Mission at Kanchowfu, killing a French priest, but all Americans escaped without harm.

According to a despatch from Teheran, the Shah has renewed his pledges of constitutional government in a letter to the Assembly.

M. Pierre Leroy Beaulieu is accused by a woman of having arranged the alleged attemped assassination of himself in order to gain the sympathy of voters.

According to the London Statist, quoted in a despatch, the worst of the financial situation is now believed to be over.

Ambassador Creel, of Mexico, declared relations between his country and the United States were so satisfactory it would be unnecessary for Secretary Root to discuss matters of State with President Diaz.

Mr. W. S. Hawk, proprietor of the Hotel Manhattan, of New York, in an interview in London, said that the best hotels in Europe are superior to those in the United States.

In the matter of the dispute between the Bangkok agents of the Standard Oil Company and those of Messrs. Windsor & Co., a German firm, M. Georges Padoux, legal adviser to the Siamese government, has been appointed arbitrator, according to a Bangkok despatch.

M. Drouard, agent of the Cunard company in Paris, according to a despatch, declares that his office knows nothing of any change in rates, as announced from London.

Countess Montignoso, formerly Princess Louise of Saxony, was married in London to Signor Enrico Toselli, an Italian music master.

Officers of the United States cruiser Chattanooga were entertained at a banquet by the Japanese Minister of Marine, special cables announced.

Roman Catholic residents of China petitioned President Roosevelt to remove Judge Willfley, of the Shanghai court.

SPORTING NEWS.

Sir Thomas Lipton has written the Royal Irish Y. C. that, in view of the attitude of the N.Y.Y.C. there is nothing left but to abandon the idea of an America's cup contest at present.

A Paris inventor has designed a transmission to give direct drive on all speeds of an automobile.

The Detroits and the Athletics played seventeen innings to a tie, 9 to 9, and the positions of the two teams in the American League remain unchanged.

A syndicate of capitalists announces plans for an automobile race track at Westbury, L. I.

The Royal Swedish Y. C., at Stackholm, has asked the N.Y.Y.C. if a challenge for the America's Cup for 1908 would be considered.

Sea Telephones.

Boston, Oct. 2.—The Navy Department is installing wireless telephones on the warships, not to supersede but to supplement the wireless telegraph.

Two battleships, the Connecticut and the Virginia, have been equipped with the wireless telephones, and it is understood that if time suffices all the battleships which are to start in December for the cruise to the Pacific will be fitted with them before they begin the voyage.

Tornado in Europe.

London, Oct. 1.—England, which has suffered throughout September from the exaggerated clemency of the weather, is now receiving reports of a vast cyclone, chiefly affecting western Europe.

The tornado travelled southward, striking Malaga and even extending to Casablanca on the Moorish coast, where the French camp was wrecked.

Chinese To Learn Politics.

Tien-Tsin, Oct. 3.—An Imperial edict, decrees compulsory education for everybody in China and declares furthermore that the people are to be taught the principles of constitutional government in order that they may be better fitted to elect representatives when a Parliament is created

Extraordinary Announcement!

Genuine Clean Sweep Sale

Is Now Drawing Crowds

FROM MILES AROUND.

Overshadowing All Previous Efforts.

Come and See the Excitement.

R. E. Hartman,

SUCCESSOR TO I. W. HARTMAN & SON

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BLACK DIAMOND WHISKEY

Fine quality.

Full measure.

Fair price.

Full guarantee.

A. P. WARD & CO.,

Sole Propr's.,

Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

NOW IS THE TIME

of year when you think of cleaning house, also of cleaning up the rubbish and foul matter which has accumulated about your premises, to guard against sickness, but do you ever give the second thought to the old built-in unsanitary Plumbing Fixtures which breed disease right in your own houses. If you think of installing

NEW FIXTURES

I am ready to quote you good prices on *STANDARD SANITARY MFG. CO'S Enamel Goods*, all fully guaranteed.

All Jobbing of Plumbing and Heating Promptly Attended to.

P. M. REILLY,

438 Centre St. Bell 'Phone

PHOTOS

For the Satisfactory Kind in Up-to-date Styles, go to

Capwell's Studio,

(Over Hartman's Store)

BLOOMSBURG PA.

WE ARE SHOWING

NEW FALL SHOES For Women.

These cool nights and fresh breezes remind us that it's time to lay the oxfords away and get into shoes once more. We have many new lasts and attractive features in the John Kelly

FALL LINE FOR WOMEN

$3, $3.50 and $4

Make your selection before sizes are broken.

W. H. MOORE,

Corner Main and Iron Sts., BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Our Pianos

are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.

IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO., AND BOWLBY.

This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

WASH MACHINES

Helby, 1900, Queen, Keystone, Majestic.

J. SALTZER,

Music Rooms No. 105 West Main Street, Below Market. BLOOMSBURG, PA

WHY WE LAUGH.

"A Little Nonsense Now and Then, Is Relished by the Wisest Men."

Judge's Quarterly, $1.00 a year
Judge's Library, $1.00 a year
Sis Hopkins' Mon., $1.00 a year

On receipt of **Twenty Cents**, we will enter your name for three months' trial subscription for either of these bright, witty, and humorous journals, or for **One Dollar** will add **Leslie's Weekly** or **Judge** for the same period of time. Address

Judge Company

225 Fourth Avenue New York

3-21